APPLETON CRESCENT.

"THE UNION, THE CONSTITUTION, AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF ITS LAWS."

BY RYAN & BROTHER. CITY OF APPLETON, OUTAGAMIE COUNTY, WISCONSIN, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1863. VOL. XI, NO. 12

APPLETON CRESCENT:
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
BY RYAN & BRO.
TERMS:

City Mail and Office Subscribers, TWO DOLLARS A YEAR IN ADVANCE. No paper will hereafter be sent unless advance payment is made.

All kinds of produce taken in payment, at the regular market rates.

Business Directory.

George H. Myers,
Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery. Office on Morrison Street, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

T. R. Hudd,
Attorney at Law. Office over the Bank, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

Samuel Boyd,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Notary Public. Collections made and taxes paid. Office on Oneida Street. 9-30

Em. B. Clark,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Appleton, Wisconsin. Office on College Avenue, in Atkins' Block. 11

E. C. Goff,
Under Sheriff Outagamie County, Wis. All official business promptly attended to. Offices at the County Building, and in the Fox & Wis. Imp't Build'g. 10-44

P. H. O'Brien,
Register of deeds for Outagamie County. Office in the County Fire Proof building, Appleton, Wisconsin. Business connected with the office promptly attended to. 37y2

Charles Grunert,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Outagamie County. Office in the County Building. Business attended to promptly. 9-1

Amable Brouillard,
Treasurer of Outagamie county. Office in County Building, Appleton, Wis. 10-38

C. A. Hamer,
Clerk Circuit Court; Deputy Clerk Board and Register of Deeds. Notary Public, Outagamie County. Deeds, etc., drawn. Office in County Building, Appleton. 10-38

S. Ryan, Jr.
Notary Public and Conveyancer. A "returned soldier" ready for work. Appleton, Wisconsin.

Dr. Tompkins,
Successor to Allen and Jackson's drug store, Appleton, Wis. 10ny

Dr. Earle Ostrander,
[*Late of Toronto, Canada.*]
Office at D. L. Atwell's, Appleton, Wis.

J. Sutherland, M. D.,
Of the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow, Scotland, will practice in Appleton and in the County. Office over Smith's Bookstore. 42m6

Fay & Humphrey,
Dealers in clothing, hats, caps, gents' furnishing goods, boots, shoes and rubber goods. People's Exchange, Masonic Block, College Avenue, corner of Oneida Street, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

Dunn & Brewster.
Pail and Flour barrel manufacturers, Appleton, Wis. 9-1

W. M. Russell,
Wholesale and retail dealer in stoves, tin, copper, sheet iron, brass, planished and brittania ware. Also, a general assortment of Japanned ware constantly on hand. College Avenue, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

Henry Turner,
Keeper of the Appleton Livery Stable, near Morrison street, one door north of the Billiard Saloon. Horses and vehicles of almost every description on hand at all hours. Omnibus will run to the cars and boats regular, during the season of navigation, to accommodate travelers. A generous patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-1

F. J. Jackson,
Harness Maker. All work entrusted to his care executed in a workmanlike manner. Repairing done on short notice. Thankful for past favors, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. Shop on College Avenue, in the old Arcade store, next door to Atkins' store, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

C. Ketchum,
Smith and Machinist, Appleton, Wisconsin. Has on hand Chilled Iron. All kinds of Castings, and Wrought Iron, for Mills, Engines, Factories, manufactured to short notice and in a style to please and give satisfaction. Also, manufacturer of Cast Iron and Steel Plows, Cultivators and Kettles. Rabbit Metal constantly on hand. 9-35y

James McGillan,
Agent for the Rock River Insurance Company.
APPLETON, WIS. 11-5

H. F. Patton,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painter. Portraits done in good style. Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-27

James M. Barker.
Civil Engineer and Mechanical Draughtsman, Appleton, Outagamie County, Wisconsin. 9-8y

Ryan & Bro.,
Book, Job and Fancy Printers, and Publishers of the Crescent, Appleton, Wisconsin. All orders fully and promptly supply, at reasonable rates. 9-1

J. P. Bawley.
Photographist. The latest and best improvement in Ambro Types. Photographs, "Carte de Visite," Melainotypes, &c., can always be found at the "Photographic Gallery of Art." Terms reasonable. One door east of the Post Office Office, Appleton, Wis. 10-1

New Shaving Saloon.
The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Appleton and strangers who may tarry here till their beards grow long, that he has opened a Barber Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing Saloon one door east of the Post Office, College Avenue. No pains spared to give satisfaction to all who may call.
WM. S. CLEGGETT.

Crescent Hotel.
Henry Waite, Proprietor. This Hotel is located on the corner of Avenue and Morrison Street, directly in the business part of the city; it is in the immediate neighborhood of Turner's Livery Stable, connected daily with the cars and boats. The table will be supplied constantly with the best the market affords. No pains will be spared to make the traveller feel at home. 9-1

McNeill House.
Joseph McNeil, Proprietor. This house has lately been refitted and opened to the public. It is convenient to the R. R. Depot and is pleasant and agreeable home for passengers. Corner of Appleton and Lawrence streets, south of the Depot, Appleton, Wisconsin

United States Hotel.
R. P. Elcarton, Proprietor, Green Bay, Wisconsin. Having leased this well known Hotel and thoroughly refitted, I am prepared to welcome the traveling public with the best the market affords. 28tf

Angler House,
Wm. Fitzpatrick, Proprietor, New London, Wisconsin. The proprietor proposes to keep a first class house, and will always be found at his old stand, upon the north side of the river, ready to wait upon any and all who shall see fit to favor him with a call. 38y

E. L. R. Cuthbert,
Teacher of Music,
Rooms in Crescent Hotel, Appleton, Wis.
Piano and Melodeon rooms to practice upon. Instructions given at private residences if required. Pianos and Melodeons tuned and repaired. The best references given and satisfaction guaranteed.

B. DOUGLAS,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
APPLETON.....WIS
Rooms over Fay & Humphrey's Store.
I am always prepared to attend the people of Appleton, in the practice of Dentistry, with all
THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS
in the business, with the best success. Teeth mounted on Gold, Silver and Platania. Teeth extracted, filled or cleaned. Call and see specimens of my work.
Appleton, April, 1st, 1863. 9-35y

SPLENDID CLOTHS, for Spring and Summer at FAY & HUMPHREY'S.

MAPLE SUGAR will be taken by us on subscription or account, at market rates.
RYAN & BRO., Crescent Office.

Groceries, We have the choicest stock of Sugars, Teas, Coffees, &c., in town. Come and examine. LESTER & FOSTER.

Visiting Cards, Printed to order on short notice and in style, at the CRESCENT.

Fay & Humphrey's Muse.

Though not yet the smoke of battle
Clears along our Southern sky;
Though the cannon thunders rattle,
And the lightnings flash on high!
And though still our dauntless legions
March to conquer or to die;

Yet for those who stay behind them,
(Ready when their turns shall come,
To oppose, where'er they find them,
All the foe's of Freedom's home;)
Every common need of mortals
Must as ever be supplied—
CLOTHING must be had to shelter
From chill blasts or hot noontide.

Care to please you unabating,
With their olden sign unfurled,
Fay & Humphrey still are waiting,
To supply a coatless world.
Men and boys, whate'er your station,
Size, complexion, taste, may be,
Come, from every rank and station,
Just YOUR STYLE you quick shall see!
Suits, for Spring and Summer wearing,
Ready-Made, shall please your eye—
You that were just now despairing,
Come to the "PEOPLE'S EXCHANGE" and buy.

Or if still you're not assented,
CUSTOM CLOTHS await your choice,
Every style is represented—
Look! and let your heart rejoice.
You are pleased? This way—allow me—
Walk up stairs, and in a trice,
They will measure you for what shall
Make you look so very nice,
That your very wife won't know you
Till you've spoken by her twice.

Pause a moment in departing—
Do not I glance with questioning air—
Paid or? but that boot is starting—
Just select another pair.
I have varied forms to mention,
Ranged along the groaning shelves
BOOTS and **SHOES** now claim attention—
Let them answer for themselves.
Ladies, by sad visions haunted,
Of a hopeless search for beaus,
Here, at last, may stand enchanted:
We've some style, at least, that suits
Everybody, maid or matron,
How see or her choice may fall
Plain shoe, or graceful slipper,
Congress boot, or bejumped.

HATS and **CAPS** of faultless fashion,
You shall see before you go—
Try that Burnside. That's becoming!
Or this, named for "Fighting Joe,"
"Fighting Joe" who leads our armies,
And will lead them *through*, you know.

Shirts, and **Hose**, and **Ties**, and **Collars**,
Gloves, from buck-skin to white kid;
Rubber Goods for stormy weather,
All a careful notice bid.
Satchels, Cutlery, Umbrellas
But we cannot tell you all—
Come and see for yourselves, everybody;
They will satisfy you, at a call.

FAY & HUMPHREY.

Appleton, April 22d, 1863.

W. S. WARNER,

Attorney at Law,

COURT COMMISSIONER,

AND

INSURANCE AGENT.

Claim Agent for procuring Pensions, Bounty Arrears of Pay &c., and Agent for the examination of Titles, and

Payment of Taxes, Collection of Debts, Conveyancing, &c.

REFERENCES:
Hon. Edwin Wheeler, Oshkosh, Wis.
" P. H. Smith, Chicago Ill.
" S. R. Cotton, Green Bay, Wis.
" Hugh McCurdy, Corunna, Mich
Ann on Ballard, Esq., Appleton.
P. Dean Warner, Esq., Farmington, Mich.
H. S. Durand, Esq., Milwaukee, Wis.
J. Milton Smith, Esq., New York.
P. Blessing, Milwaukee, Wis.
Vincent Tilton, Esq., N. Y.
H. S. Marsh, Esq., Madison, Wis.
David Smith & Co., Appleton and Neenah.
J. J. Knox, Esq., Watertown Wis.

Office over his New Store on College Avenue Appleton, Wisconsin.

He has for sale or exchange, a large quantity of valuable lands in Outagamie. Also a large number of

LOTS, STORES, DWELLINGS, &C.

In the City of Appleton, which he will sell very low, and on long time.
Also a first class store and Office to let on reasonable terms. WM. S. WARNER.

For Sale Cheap!

We offer the following bargain to a discriminating public: One span of large, 5 year-old HORSES; a fine set of HARNESS; a good LUMBER WAGON and BOB SLEDS, complete. Apply to CORD & GRAY,
July 10, 1863. 3 Kaukauna, Wis.

FAY & HUMPHREY'S Hats, Caps, Spring and Summer styles, are going fast.

APPLETON BANK

OF

DAVID SMITH & CO.

Will buy and sell Domestic Exchange, Gold and Uncurrent money, also Exchange on all parts of Europe.
Appleton, Wis., April, 1863. 31y

ALLEN & JACKSON have the reputation of keeping the best teas, sugars, dried fruit &c., in Our Woodland Home.

Grand Haven Route.

THE STEAMSHIPS of this line commence twice daily trips between MILWAUKIE AND GRAND HAVEN, in connection with

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE R. R.,

Monday, May 4th, 1863, leaving COMPANY'S DOCK, MILWAUKEE, at 4:00 A. M., AND 4:45 P. M. These steamships make the trip to Grand Haven, (a distance of 85 miles,) IN SIX HOURS! with as much regularity as any Railway Train. This is 12 hours the quickest, and 96 miles the shortest route, to all points in the Eastern States or Canadas. Five hours the quickest, and 67 miles the shortest route to Cleveland, with no expense for Sleeping Car.

Fare from all points West, as LOW, and from Milwaukee, one Dollar less than by other lines.

In advantage of luxurious Sleeping Cars, changes in Union Depots, sure connections, and Baggage checked through, this line is unsurpassed.

Remember! for a quick and comfortable trip, low fare, shortest route, and sure connections, without omnibus changes, purchase tickets via

GRAND HAVEN ROUTE!

OFFICES IN MILWAUKIE: Cor. of Main and Wisconsin streets, near the Post Office; Miles & Armour's Warehouse, foot of East Water Street.
W. K. MUIR, General Sup't. J. H. WHITMAN, Gen'l Western Ag't.

The Flutist's Dog.

About the period of the wars of Mazarin, there lived a poor beggar, of the name of Sulpice. Lean and scraggy, as ugly as a Quasimodo, and shaped like a Z, he possessed but a dog for his companion, and a flute as the only means of subsistence. But his talent upon that instrument was such, that he could attract by its melodious sounds, those whom his unfortunate physiognomy repulsed.

They say, that the beggars at this period had no dislike to a glass of wine, in the course of their wandering. Beside, everybody frequented the tavern. Times are very much changed. To-day every one goes to the coffee-house. On a certain day, Sulpice entered a tavern; there he ate enough for four, and drank sufficient for ten, and then rolled under the table, and slept by the side of his dog. An amateur, who was seated at one of the adjoining tables, took advantage of his sleep, robbed him of his flute, and went out without any one discovering the theft. When Sulpice awoke, his first movement was to search for his flute, which on more than one occasion had assisted to pay his reckoning. In vain he fumbled in his pockets—the instrument had disappeared. How to express the shock—the consternation of the poor beggar! This flute was his all—his treasure, it was excellent in tone, and of perfect workmanship: beside, he had possessed it for more than twenty years: What a dreadful blow for poor Sulpice. Desolation was depicted in every feature: a cold perspiration trickled down his face. To no purpose did he question the bar-keeper, waiters, and customers; they all shrugged their shoulders. The poor little fellow then made an infernal noise; he cried, swore, raved, and overturned the tables and chairs, but no one could give him back his flute, and they even threatened to call in the police to put an end to the uproar. Sulpice preferred paying his reckoning, and departed; his eyes swollen with tears, and heart burning with rage. Who has not heard of the admirable instinct of dogs? There have been frequent instances of their cunning scent; but the acuteness of their hearing has seldom been put to test. Sulpice was already a good distance from the tavern, when, on turning a street, he saw his dog wag his tail and raise his ears, like a pointer on the track of a partridge. next he placed himself before his master, bounding up joyfully, and impatient to go forward. Sulpice, who, at this moment, was in no carressing humor, hastily repulsed, and even beat him. The dog, nowise, quieted by beating, continued to manœuvre with different attempts. His master, in astonishment, knew not to what cause to attribute this strange obstinacy. He stood still, lost in deep thought, when he heard behind him the sound of a flute. His heart beat violently, and a restless curiosity took possession of his mind: he receded a few paces, and his dog began to point again. He ran before, showing the way, and stopped barking in front of a house, from whence proceeded the melodious sound. The beggar listened attentively, his surmises gaining strength every instant: soon his doubts were changed to conviction.

"Shall I enter?" he asked of himself.

He went in; his dog, animated with zeal, and bounding with joy, ran before his master and scratched at the door of the unknown musician. He, hearing the noise, came to open the door himself, holding the flute in his hand.

"Holy Virgin! 'tis my flute," he exclaimed, transported with fury. "My name is engraved on it."

Nor was he deceived. The unknown could not deny the fact, or offer a single word in justification. He was a devoted amateur, jealous of the reputation of Sulpice. In robbing him of his instrument, he thought to deprive him likewise of his skill. Humble and confused, he stammered out some inaudible words of apology, and restored the flute without any difficulty. Poor Sulpice, scarcely crediting such an unhoped-for good luck, asked nothing farther, but rapidly descended the steps, and departed, like Saint Rock with his dog.

From the Milwaukee News.

Unanimous Action of Democratic Members of the State Senate.

The democratic members of the state senate, assembled at Madison as members of the state board of equalization, held a meeting on Friday evening, organized by the appointment of Senator Ernest, as chairman, and Senator Thorp as secretary, and *unanimously* adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we cordially approve of and endorse the candidates nominated, and the platform adopted at the late democratic state convention of Wisconsin, and pledge our cordial and united support of both.

Resolved, That we have no sympathy with the proposed convention at Janesville, and believe it is entitled to and will receive no support from the democracy of Wisconsin.

Every democratic member of the senate, without exception, concurred in the adoption of the resolutions.—They represent fifteen of the thirty-three senatorial districts of the state.

Restoration of the Union.

Views of Gov. Johnson of Tennessee.

An immense Union meeting was held at Franklin, Tennessee, August 23d. Gov. Johnson said:

The idea has been cunningly circulated that after the rebellion has been suppressed, the North will not let us back into the Union, nor let us have a state government! What shallow humbuggery and deception! Some think we must petition the government to get back into the Union. I deny the doctrine of secession wholly, absolutely, *toto celo*. Tennessee is not out of the Union, never has been and never will be out. The bonds of the constitution and the Federal power will always prevent that. This government is perpetual; provision is made for reforming the government and amending the constitution, and admitting states into the Union; not for letting them *out of it*. The everchanging conditions and wants of the people require the improvement, not destruction of the government. Our state government lies dormant, and civil government suspended in this convulsion.—What shall be done? I come, not with the sword in one hand and the torch in the other, *but with the olive branch of peace*, and urge you to the work of restoration. It is a noble work. The beauty and wisdom of the constitution are unequalled, for its grouping of principles seem like an emanation of Divine wisdom. *It guarantees a republican government to all the states.* When the rebellion overthrew your state government, the United States guaranteed you a republican government still.—This is its simple duty and obligation. It is a government of many states, and there must be harmony between the different wheels of our political system. Where are we now? There is a rebellion: this is anticipated as I said.—The rebel army is driven back. Here lies your state: a sick man in his bed, emaciated and exhausted, paralyzed in all his powers and unable to walk alone. The physician comes. Don't quarrel about antecedents, but administer to his wants, cure as quickly as possible. Whenever you desire, in good faith to restore civil authority, you can do so. Manifest a desire to do so, and a proclamation for an election will be issued as speedily as it is practicable to hold one. One by one all the agencies of your state government will be set in motion. A Legislature will be elected. Judges will be appointed temporarily, until you can elect them at the polls; and so of Sheriffs, County Court Judges, Justices and other officers, until the way is fairly open for the people, and all the parts of civil government resume their ordinary functions. This is no nice, intricate metaphysical question. It is a plain, common sense matter.

DEATH OF LORD CLYDE (SIR COLIN CAMPBELL.)—The death of this distinguished British commander is announced in our advices by the Persia. He was born in Glasgow, October 20, 1792, entered the army in 1808, served in Portugal and at Walcheren, took an active part in the Peninsular war, and in the war with the United States in 1814. His name attracted little notice until 1842, when he was prominent in the Chinese war, and subsequently held a leading command in the war of the Punjaub. In 1851 he went to the Crimea as Chief of the Highland Brigade, and took a conspicuous share in the battle of the Alma. On the death of General Anson, in 1857, he was appointed to the supreme command of the army in India, and arrived in Calcutta August 14, thirty two days after the date of his commission. His consumate skill and generalship in conquering the rebels in the East India mutiny are matters of history. Sir Colin Campbell was made a Major-General in 1851, Lieutenant General in 1856, and in 1858 was elevated to peerage, under the title of Baron Clyde of Clydesdale.—*Mil. Sentinel.*

A WEALTHY ENGLISHMAN KILLED IN SIBLEY'S EXPEDITION.—Among the slain in Gen. Sibley's expedition was John Beemer, a wealthy Englishman, a graduate of Oxford and former officer on the staff of Lord Raglan. He had come from England on a buffalo hunt in the Northwest, and took a nominal position upon Gen. Sibley's staff to gratify his taste of adventure. Sent on reconnoitering service, he was caught in ambuscade and shot down with arrows, the savages scalping him and hacking off one side of his head while yet alive. He leaves a splendid yacht and a large library in New York.

PLAYED OUT.—Prentice, of the Louisville Journal, scathes the "loyal democrats" of Indiana handsomely. He says "they turn out to be simple *republicans of democratic antecedents.* The gentlemen had already *once* joined the republican party. They accordingly are past cards. *They are played out.*" The "loyal democrats" in this state are of the same sort, except that some of them have joined the republican party annually for the last five years.—*Mil. News.*

A mountain ash tree in Portland Conn., was a year ago grafted with a pear scion and this year bears an abundance of pears.

Seeing an Avalanche Pass.

Mr. Francis Galton, a well-known English traveler and member of the "Alpine Club," this summer made a singular experience. He discovered a spot on the Jungfrau range where he might stand in safety and watch the avalanches sweeping past him within thirty feet of his person. In one half day he saw three decents. The avalanches slid two thousand feet, then leaped two great bounds of a thousand feet more, to the channel, close to which he was standing; and then burst out at the foot of the channel, like a storm of shrapnel." Mr. Galton described the general appearance of the avalanche, when seen at so short a distance, as that of an orderly mob filling the street and hastening, not hurrying, to the same object." Something of the same impression is made upon one who looks attentively at the great sheet of water which rolls slowly down on the Canadian side of the falls at Niagara. The motion is majestically deliberate, and though swift, not hurried. The noise of the avalanche in motion Mr. Galton likens to "the sound of a rapid tide rushing up many channels." The avalanche is described as consisting of a mass of ice balls, usually from a foot to a yard in diameter, which produced the fearful rattle of the ice-cascade."

REPUBLICANS FOR DISUNION.—In the Senate of the United States, on the 1st of February, 1850, Mr. Hale, of New Hampshire, presented the petitions of Isaac Jeffries and other citizens of Pennsylvania, and John T. Woodward and others, praying that "some plan might be devised for the dissolution of the American Union." On the question of the reception of the petitions, which was raised by Mr. Webster, John P. Hale of New Hampshire, Wm. H. Seward, of New York, and Salomon P. Chase, of Ohio, voted in the affirmative. On the 25th of the same month, the same petitions were offered in the House by Mr. Giddings, of Ohio, and on the question of their reception the following named members voted in the affirmative: Joshua R. Giddings, of Ohio, Charles Allen, of Massachusetts, Charles Durkee, of Wisconsin, Rufus K. Goodenow, of Maine, George W. Julian, of Indina, Preston King, of New York, and John M. Root, of Ohio. Nearly all these men are yet in public life, and all are of the Republican or abolition party. Every southern and every democratic Senator and Representative present, voted against the reception of the petitions. Mr. Webster voted in the same way, having denounced the petitions vehemently, and suggested that they should have preambles in these words:

"Gentlemen, members of Congress, whereas, at the commencement of the session, you, and each of you took your solemn oaths, in the presence of God, and of the Holy Evangelists that you would support the constitution of the United States—now therefore, we pray you to take immediate steps to break up the Union, and overthrow the Constitution as soon as you can."

The Chicago Times says: It does not matter that abolitionism has heretofore resisted the fugitive slave law by mob violence and nullified it by State legislation, this is no reason why democrats should resist the conscription law. To be sure, the fugitive slave law had been declared constitutional by the competent court, and the conscription law has not; but this does not matter. The conscription law has all the claims of any law to obedience until it shall be declared unconstitutional by a competent court. Neither does it matter that abolitionism is as regardless of law now as it ever has been, that the most positive constitutional guarantees are as ropes of sand in its hands—that it has invaded the most valuable personal rights of citizens and civil rights of States, all this does not matter in respect to the obligations of democrats to obey the laws. What we would say, in short, is this, that however abolitionism has heretofore violated, or does now violate, or may hereafter violate law, the example is not to be imitated by democrats.

It is only little more than a year—July 6, 1862—since Mr. Seward, as Secretary of State, wrote to Mr. Adams, our Minister to England, as follows:

"It seems as if the extreme advocates of African slavery and its most vehement opponents were acting in concert together to precipitate a servile war—the former by making a most desperate attempt to overthrow the Federal Union, the latter by demanding an edict of universal emancipation as lawful and necessary, if not, as they say, the only legitimate way of saving the Union."

WHERE ARE CHANDLER'S 300,000 MEN.—This "blood letting" member of the Jacobin committee, in his late excursion to New York asserted that he had 300,000 men subject to his call. Make him summon his warriors, and let us have no draft, or Gov. Andrew's *million*, who were to "swarm the highways," or Horace Greeley's 300,000, or even the 200,000 negro troops raised for Fremont. Where are they?—*Plaindealer.*

The celebrated French painter, Eugene Delacroix, is dead.

From the La Crosse Journal.

Col. Charles S. Benton.

We notice in many of our exchanges that the democratic candidate for state Treasurer is charged with having voted for Breckenridge for President. This is not so. We understand very well Col. Benton's position in the Fall of 1859, when the names of prominent men were spoken of in connection with a nomination for the Presidency.

With many others he entertained the idea that the candidate should be from the south. The north had two presidents, Pierce and Buchanan. His first choice was Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, and his second James Guthrie, of Kentucky. We never heard him express a preference for Breckenridge. Suffice it to say there is not a more loyal heart than his, nor one who feels more keenly the sad results which the rebellion has brought upon the country. Nor do we believe there is a man in the state who would do more to preserve the Union in its integrity than Col. Benton.

QUOTATIONS.—Cling to the constitution, as the shipwrecked mariner clings to the last plank, when night and the tempest close around him.—*Daniel Webster.*

Nip the shoots of arbitrary power in the bud, is the only maxim which can ever preserve the liberation of any people. When the people give way, their deceivers, betrayers and destroyers press upon them so fast that there is resisting afterwards. The nature of the encroachment is to grow ever more encroaching; like a cancer it eats faster every hour.—*John Adams*

Necessity is the plea of tyrants, and if our constitution ceases to operate the moment a person charged with its observance thinks there is a necessity to violate it, it is of little value. * * * We are fighting to maintain the constitution, and it specially becomes us in appealing to the people, to come to its rescue not to violate it ourselves. How are we better than the rebels if both sides set at naught the constitution.—*Senator Trumbull (Republican.)*

Those to whom power is delegated should be held to a strict accountability to their constitutional oaths of office. The plea of necessity is no excuse for a violation of them. Recollect 'the price of liberty is eternal vigilance.'—*Thomas Jefferson.*

WHAT ARE WE FIGHTING FOR!—If the N. Y. *Times* speaks "by authority," which it claims to do, "every time"—then we are fighting for "*conquest and dominion*," and nothing short. Here is what it says:

"It has never been proposed, either formally or otherwise, by any Secretary or head of department, to offer terms or accept terms, or discuss terms of peace or of re-construction with the authorities of the rebel confederacy. *We venture to say that neither the President nor any one of his Secretaries would consent even to accept a surrender at the hands of Jefferson Davis, or of the organized Government which he represents.*"

THE STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LANDS.—Messrs. Reed and Hammond, commissioners for the location of lands for the State Agricultural College, as provided by the act of the last legislature, are meeting with better success than was anticipated. They report tracks of very valuable land in the St. Croix district, and it is believed that good lands, yet unentered, will be found to the full amount of the 24,000 acres to which this State is entitled.—*Mil. News.*

A forgery of about $50,000 was perpetrated recently, in a daring and successful manner, upon the Citizen's Bank of Baltimore, by John H. Field, a tavern-keeper of Pittsburg. He pretended to be a horse contractor for the government, went to the Quartermaster at Baltimore, obtained from his clerk a receipt for a large lot of horses, valued at a certain price per head, together with an order upon the Paymaster for the sum total—amounting to between $18,000 and $50,000. He forged the Quartermaster's indorsement and Paymaster's order, and the Citizens' Bank advanced the money at the recomendation of well known business men.—Thereupon the dashing forger left, and is supposed to have sailed for Europe.

The Lynn (Mass.) Reporter says: "A couple joined in marriage in this city a few days since, whose united ages were onehundred and fifty-two years. The blushing bride has passed her seventy-fourth summer, while the snows of seventy eight winters rested upon the bridegroom's youthful brow. He had once, and she had twice, before entered into matrimonal obligations."

The following statement of the Auburn Advertiser shows how Seward's home responds to the cry of "men not money:" "Collector Halsey has deposited $60,000, the avails of the exemption fee for the 24th district for the week ending August 22d. The amount of last week's exemption was thirty thousand three hundred dollars."

After the suspension of two years, an engineer has been appointed to superintend the works upon the Hoosac tunnel, and the work will be resumed immediately.

Odds and Ends.

The N. Y. Sun estimates the cost of conscription in that city at $2,000,000. Yet only 1,000 soldiers will be gained.

The wheat crop of Wisconsin is estimated by the Madison Journal at 30,000,000 of bushels, of which she can spare two-thirds.

Iron masts for ships have been made 116 feet long and 37 inches in circumference, which weighed only 18 tons and 14 cwt.

Over 6,000 acres of woodland on Maryland and Loudon Heights have been cleared by the soldiers since the war commenced, in addition to the ordinary duty of military life.

The three hundred pound Parrott gun, which was used by Gen. Gilmore to shell Charleston, said to be the only gun of sufficient range for the purpose, has unfortunately burst, breaking off a foot from the muzzle.

Gen. Stone—the officer who was imprisoned without accusation and liberated without trial—has been chosen by Gen. Banks as chief of his staff.

Never enter a sick room in a state of perspiration, as the moment you become cool your pores absorb. Do not approach contagious diseases with an empty stomach; nor sit between the sick and the fire, because the heat attracts the thin vapor.

At a crowded concert a young lady, standing at the door of the hall, was addressed by an honest Hibernian who was in attendance on the occasion: "Indade, miss," said he. "I should be glad to give you a sate, but the empty ones are all full."

Luther Bradish, formerly Lieutenant Governor of New York, died on Sunday, aged eighty.

The official orders show that the capture of the gunboats Reliance and Satellite, by the rebels, was owing to a disregard of the instructions by the commanding officer.

A Missouri paper says that the Digger Indians are never known to smile. They must be *grass* Diggers!

A Richmond dispatch says that over 100,000 bales of cotton belonging to the rebel Government have been seized at and near Natchez. The pile is worth at New York prices over $20,000,000.

The American West India Company have established a direct line of steamers between New York and the principal ports in the West Indies.

Vicksburg was laid out in 1822 by Neivitt Vick, and incorporated in 1825. It has always been celebrated for its fine fruits and vegetables, and for its short-lived editors. Seventeen of this unfortunate class have come to an untimely end by the duello, street fights, or suicide, since the establishment of the Vicksburg Whig, the newspaper published there.

The hinges of the new oaken door lately put up at Hereford Cathedral cost one hundred and forty pounds sterling.

It has been decided to hold a Northwestern Fair in Chicago during the last week of October and the first of November, the proceeds to be devoted to the relief of our sick and suffering soldiers.

A Richmond paper illustrates how our prisoners are treated when it announced the demise of a newspaper man at the Libby prison, heading the article, "*A Yankee reporter gone home to write up his reports by fire.*"

Difficulties of so serious a character have grown up between the settlers and Indians in Butte county, California, that the Indian Bureau, as an act of humanity towards the Indians, has ordered their removal from the limits of the county.

The indentical flag which Major Anderson was compelled to lower at Fort Sumter is in the hands of Gen. Gilmore, to be run up at the moment the fort is re-occupied. Let the dear old flag wave where it is desecrated, if no more than a single stone remains of the scene of its humiliation.

A seven year old boy, lately heard to use profane language, on being reproved by his mother, and directed to ask God's forgiveness, retired to his room and was overheard to say, "O God! I am very sorry I said that naughty word, and I won't say so any more; but please hurry and make me grow up to be a man, and then I can swear as much as I want to, like pa, and nobody will notice it."

A western wag says: "Gen. Blunt's strategy is in three parts: first, find where the enemy are; second, immediately sending a bomb shell at them; third going to see where it struck."

A two cent postage stamp will prepay newspapers, weight not over four ounces, so that two or three can be sent for one single stamp.

When Abe Lincoln was a member of congress he voted against giving the soldiers who served in Mexico one hundred and sixty acres of land. On the 28th of February 1862, C. L. Vallandigham voted to give each soldier engaged in putting down the rebellion one hundred and sixty acres of land, in addition to their $100 bounty.

A census of the city of Dubaque, just taken, shows a population of 16,731.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

The Crescent.

Official Paper of the City and County.

APPLETON, SEPT., 12.

A Democratic Convention

For the County of Outagamie, will be held at the COURT HOUSE in the city of Appleton on the 26th of SEPTEMBER, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to nominate candidates to be supported at the ensuing election, for the following named offices viz: A Member of Assembly, Register of Deeds, &c, and transact such other business as may come before the Convention. The representation from each town and Ward will be as follows:

	Vote of 1862.	No. of Delegates.
1st Ward City of Appleton,	81,	3
2d " "	155,	6
3d " "	82,	3
4th " "	42,	1
Town of Freedom,	121,	4
" Black Creek,	5,	1
" Hortonia,	119,	4
" Osborn,	19,	1
" Bovina,	47,	2
" Ellington,	133,	4
" Buchanan,	58,	2
" Liberty,	23,	1
" Maple Creek,	27,	1
" Dale,	120,	4
" Kaukauna,	174,	6
" Grand Chute,	120,	4
" Center,	102,	3
" Greenville,	197,	7

☞ The several town and ward committees are advised to call their Caucuses and give ample notice of the same, that delegates may be sent to the Convention who will truly represent their several towns and thereby secure the nomination of men as candidates for the several offices, who will receive the cordial support of the democracy of the County, and all others who have no particular regard for either party, only as they put forth good and true men. *By Order Com.*

Appleton, Sept. 12, 1863.

Senatorial Convention—22d District.

The Democrats and all others in favor of the Constitution and the Enforcement of the Laws, of the Twenty-Second Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Outagamie, Oconto, Door and Shawano, are requested to meet in Convention, by delegates, on the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, at the Court House in the city of Appleton, at 2 P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator from said District. Each Assembly District will be entitled to send seven delegates, apportioned as follows: Outagamie 7; Oconto 4; Door 2, Shawano 1. By order of Committee.

Dated August 29th, 1863.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor,

Henry L. Palmer.

For Lieut. Governor,

NELSON DEWEY.

For Secretary of State,

EMIL ROTHE.

For Treasurer,

CHARLES S. BENTON.

For Attorney General,

E. WAKELY.

For Bank Comptroller,

H. S. PIERPONT.

For State Prison Commissioner,

J. R. BOHAN.

For School Superintendent,

VOLNEY FRENCH.

The Green Bay Advocate.

To the Editor: For some reason, to me not wholly unaccountable, you have seen fit to arraign by insinuation, my opinions as the sentiments of the Appleton Crescent. The first fling, I passed over in silence, the last; I cannot. Here is the last quotation to which I refer:

The Appleton *Crescent* evades the question about that letter of its principal editor, denouncing the Ryan address, by saying that he had no editorial connection with the paper at that time. How does that alter the case? Did the *Crescent*, or did it not, approve of the letter in question at that time? And what is the objection to publish it now?

We repeat our challenge for the *Crescent* to re-publish its chief editor's views as to the Ryan address.

At the time referred to and for more than a year previous, I was *not* "its principal Editor," and you know very well if disappointed ambition had not superinduced intentional blindness, that you would never have promulgated the idea that the Crescent was responsible for my opinions any more than I am for its.

Adding insult: you "challenge the Crescent to republish its Chief Editor's views as to the Ryan address;" undoubtedly seeking to convey the idea that I am its "Chief Editor," when the fact is I have not in all written a column for the paper since my return from the Army.

Ever since I opposed your nomination for Governor preferring Morgan L. Martin, at which time the gallant soldier Hobart was nominated you have been a soured, disappointed politician.

You remember that you paid me off when I was a candidate for State Senator. Then we were even.

You remember when this accursed rebellion broke out you and I labored earnestly to uphold the Constitution the Union and the Enforcement of the Laws

You remember that I took an active part in promoting the enlistment of Volunteers, by the sacrifice of time and money; and you also know that when machinations of old political enemies succeeded in disbanding the Company I had raised, I enlisted upon the first opportunity as a private, while your patriotism did not permit you to go until you obtained a Paymaster's Commission with the rank of Major.

Now, then, you furthermore know that I denounced that portion of the "Ryan Address" which made a sweeping denunciation against the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus, and I have been misrepresented over and over again relative to my position thereon. I never meant to be understood that the writ should be suspended in Wisconsin, or Illinois, or any State so situate: but in Kansas or Missouri, where the jayhawker on the one side or the bushwhacker on the other controls the civil authority where in either event the issuance of the writ was equivalent to the acquittal of the robber, thief or murderer, the only resort to suppress such outrages was (and still is) by the high hand of military authority.

Again: I have ever said and still say vote every dollar of men and money to the Administration to suppress rebellion and re-establish the supremacy of the Union. Not that any man can be debarred in these States from criticising any and every act of the Administration, its constituent members being but the servants of the Government and not the Government itself, but he must obey all laws until pronounced illegal or unconstitutional by the Courts.

The Emancipation Proclamation was not thought of (in the Army) when I wrote my letter. Our idea, as soldiers, was to weaken the enemy by forcibly taking away from them all their slaves who could contribute to the sustenance of rebeldom. We could not claim any credit or discredit for "freeing the niggers," as the expression is, because that was not our mission.

Now, then, Major, in conclusion: Let me remind you of one fact: the only hope for the restoration of this Union rests with and devolves upon the Democratic party. You can never correct the evils which grow up in it by seeking an alliance with a hermaphrodite political organization, having but a brief existence. You can never re-establish this Government by a blind adherence to the dictum of the National Administration, because, whether Democratic or otherwise any such perversion of public duty in the Citizen leads in time to an acquiescence in Despotism.

As I hope soon to return to the South, you will oblige me by again paying your respects to me in your characteristic manner.

Resp'y, Sam. Ryan, Jr.

Peace.—Rumors of a speedy peace are now being circulated over the telegraphic wires. What foundation there may be for these vague reports, we do not know; but do not deem them of any special importance. Let the public place no confidence in this idle talk until our armies assume more friendly relations. A. H. Stephens, Vice Pres't of the Southern Contheiveracy, is reported to have gone to Europe on an important mission to England and France. Rebel iron-clads are being built in England to prey on our commerce. These betoken a determined warfare on the part of the rebels, far more argumentative than telegraphic surmises.

Great Fire Week.—This has been a week of extensive fires in various parts of the country. On Saturday last, thirty tenement houses were destroyed at Chicago, with a loss of $40,000; the same day, ten buildings, stores, &c., at Dunnville, C. W., were burned—loss $45,000. Sunday night, McGregor, Iowa, suffered a terrible conflagration of stores, shops, a printing office, &c.—loss $50,000—two-thirds insured; supposed to be the works of an incendiary. Tuesday night, two large Elevators, containing 500,000 bushels of grain—principally Corn—and a warehouse, were destroyed. Loss $250,000—chiefly insured.

Another Unbought Patriot.—Let every man carefully peruse and coolly digest the able remarks of Gov. Andy Johnson, of Tennessee. He has been a staunch Unionist ever since the rebellion broke out, and is well fitted to speak for his Country. As will be observed, he takes bold Democratic grounds—advocates the identical doctrines of the Democratic party of the North. The Federal Administration (through the Whiting letter) occupy just opposite views. Abolition papers will, without doubt, lampoon Gov. J. as a "copperhead!"

"By their Fruits."—Every Republican organ in this State is busily at work hurling anathemas against the Democracy for their "treasonable opposition to the Gov't." No proofs or facts have been presented to substantiate their charges. On the contrary, the Democracy have presented unimpeachable testimony as a guarantee for their loyalty! We challenge the Abolitionists of Wisconsin to a proof of their charges of "disloyalty" against the Democracy of Wisconsin!

If the Ryan Address and the Milwaukee Resolutions (the Democratic State Platform) are so very "treasonable," why is that Republican papers have not published them, at the same time show up the "disloyalty" therein contained? We pause for a reply!

Vermont has gone Shanghai as was expected, but the Democracy have *quadrupled* their vote since the former election; have made a gain of two State Senators and three more who will not act with the ultras. The gain for Democracy is 10,000 votes!!

California is reported by telegraph to have gone "Union Republican."—The Democrats run two tickets, which fact accounts for their defeat.

Knoxville, Tennessee, is now in our possession, having been entered, without opposition, by Gen'l Burnside's force. It is an important point and has been in rebel hands since the war commenced.

Twelve Hundred Strong.—Twelve Hundred delegates were in attendance at the recent Democratic State Convention in Massachusetts. Henry W. Payne a Webster-Whig, was nominated for Gov. Among the delegates was Benj. R. Curtis, a former Conservative Republican!

The La Crosse Democrat, edited by "Brick Pomeroy," is one of the wittiest, spiciest, most original papers in this State. Should our readers desire a hearty laugh or a *heavy thought*, enclose $1.50 to M. M. Pomeroy, and you will receive his Weekly Thunderer.

For the Crescent.

The County Superintendency Again.

Eds. Crescent: Since some questions in reference to the office of County Superintendent appear, just now, to be undergoing a discussion in the columns of your paper, I trust you will allow me to speak a few words on that subject through the same medium.

I know not as anything need be said in respect to the city having a voice in choosing the Superintendent, after the city board has decided that the city shall set up for herself, since the law is clear and explicit on that subject. And yet, one cannot help feeling that we have a right to a law that is consistent with general principles, to say nothing about the constitutional question. To illustrate my meaning, let us suppose (which I am told is not improbable) that the town of Kaukauna should furnish, for another term, the County Superintendent for Outagamie co., and that the city board, next year, decide to return to the county system, or, what would amount to the same thing, neglect to do anything about it; the consequence would be that, for one-half the term, the city would be placed under the full jurisdiction, and forced to pay her portion of the salary of an officer in whose election she was not allowed to have a voice. Call you that constitutional or just? But I am not discussing constitutional questions.

The question which I have now in view and which is just now, as I think, of the greatest practical importance of any connected with this subject, is this: Since the city of Appleton has, by the action of her board of education, withdrawn from the county system, is a resident of that city eligible to the office of Superintendent, at the next election?

So far as the law creating that office is concerned there is nothing in *it* to prevent a resident of Oshkosh or Milwaukee holding or being elected to that office. The reasons why a resident of either of those cities or any other one *may not* be chosen, must be looked for elsewhere than in this law, for *it* does not restrict us to the county even. But if it did, the city is a part of the county: and notwithstanding the city has been withdrawn from the county system, she is still, to a certain extent, under the jurisdiction of the Co. Sup't, because all the district clerks in the city are required to report to him, and he is required to transmit these reports to the State Sup't. Besides it is possible (and I will not say it is not probable) that she will, next year, be, in all respects, under his jurisdiction.

I have read somewhere, either in print or in writing, the assertion that as no resident of the city can *vote* for County Superintendent—it follows that no resident of the city can *hold* the office. If this is so, this provision of the law defeats itself; for I can see but one object in denying the city a voice in the election of County Sup't, and that is to secure to the *remaining* towns and cities (if any) the free and untrameled choice of the person whom *they* think fit to place in that office: and that, for the reason that *they* are alone entitled to his services, and *they* alone have to pay his salary: while, if the above view is correct, the city board has, under certain circumstances, the power to defeat that choice. To illustrate: suppose the city board become satisfied that a majority of the electors of the county have decided to place in that office a resident of the city — a majority of that board may, without even knowing whether they are acting in accordance with the wishes of a majority of the city or not, pass the resolution or ordinance, withdrawing the city from the county system, and thus defeat the choice of a majority of the county, and perhaps of the city itself.

More than this: A resident of the city may be elected and in the full discharge of his official duties: and that, too, to the nearly entire satisfaction of all concerned, and that majority can, by this resolution of withdrawal, throw him out and create a vacancy: for I think no one will deny the logical conclusion that, if the act of withdrawal suffices to *keep* a resident of the city out of the office, it suffices to *throw* him out, provided he has been elected to fill it. That is to say, if the Co. Sup't chosen in this county two years ago had been a resident of the city, the office would *now* be vacant, in consequence of the action of the city board,

Does anyone really believe that the city board has so much power as necessarily follows from this view of the subject. If so, I must differ with him, at least, until he shall have furnished the arguments on which he rests his opinion. Milo.

Correspondence of the Crescent.

From the Potomac Army.

Rappahannock Station, Va., Sept. 2d, 1863.

Editors Crescent: An eventful summer has now to be numbered among the things that were,—a season that will long be remembered by the men in the armies of the Potomac, Tennessee, Cumberland, South and the Gulf. The glorious work accomplished by these gallant braves during the sunny month of the past summer, must clearly demonstrate to all reasoning communities, that their bravery, powers of endurance and patriotic devotion to country, equal if they do not excel those of any troops organized since the foundation of the world.—Their daring deeds at the terrible conflicts of Vicksburg, Gettysburg, Port Hudson, Charleston, Port Gibson, Jackson, &c., will not soon be forgotten by a loyal and appreciating public.

Last May, before the late victories began to perch upon our banners, (and I will not go beyond the bounds of reason in asserting it,) there were many good men who had well nigh abandoned the cherished hope that our armies would ever conquer an honorable and permanent peace. Thousands there are who will bear me witness in saying it—that, now, only a few months later, all fears that we will ever be brought under rebel rule, are effectually dislodged from the minds of the public; and it seems to me that no one with a spark of pure patriotism or love of country within his breast, will attempt to deny that the "Southern Confederacy" is rapidly and unmistakably nearing its overthrow. Recent events possess a great deal of weight in convincing us that the dark, gloomy clouds, that have for nearly three years shut out the bright skies of peace from our land, are disappearing—giving place to former wealth, prosperity and happiness of a great and powerful Nation. If the prayers of the friends at home will hasten such a consummation, let them not be sparing of their voices.

Since the transfer of the 1st corps to this vicinity, just a month ago, very little of importance has transpired, save an occasional cavalry skirmish, affairs which at this stage of the drama elicit little or no attention, either in or out of the army. Only twice during the month have we been treated to the charming music of thundering parrotts and booming howitzers, they, on both occasions, being an agreeable distance from us. In fact as the telegraph was wont to announce in the palmy days of this army, "all is quiet along the Federal lines." The corps, or the larger portion of it, is in comfortable quarters on the northern banks of the far-famed Rappahannock. The men, while not on picket across the river, are enjoying themselves hugely in their neatly constructed bough houses. On the south side of the river and less than half a mile from it, on the gradual rise of ground, good, substantial breastworks have been thrown up which command the country for a considerable distance, both by artillery and musketry. But a small force is kept behind these breastworks now: but in case of an attack, a sufficient force could be run up in a very few moments. Should Mr. Lieut. Gen'l Lee conclude to attempt to force himself upon us at this point, he must not neglect to bring up a goodly supply of ambulances, and secure an easy base by which to retreat with his brave but misguided army. Our friends at home express confidence that this army has met with its last defeat: the Administration and General Halleck, by allowing fighting General Meade to pursue his own policy unhampered by them, give us another assurance that it has; and last, but by no means least, our Generals and the men in the field, who are doing the work, feel certain that it has. Suffice it to say, that nothing within the power of man to accomplish will be left undone to prevent a repetition of such disgraceful defeats as Bull Run number one and two.

The daily arrival of conscripts and substitutes is rapidly filling up our decimated Regiments, and ere long they will present the powerful front they did eighteen months ago,—an exhibition that will cause fear and trembling among the wicked instigators of this desolating war. Comparatively few have been sent to this corps as yet, while the 2d, 3d, 5th, 6th and 12th corps have received large numbers.

The conscripts are, as a general rule, a much better class of men than the boughten ones. In the latter class can be found as low, mean, unprincipled men as any country can produce. In conversation with an officer, the other day, who had charge of a number of these men from Philadelphia, he told me there was nothing too mean or degrading for some of them to undertake. They robbed each other of their substitute funds, and on two or three occasions cold blooded murder was attempted to secure their wicked ends. The five men shot in the 5th corps, Saturday last, for making a third attempt to desert, were of the class I have spoken. One naturally enough shrinks from the thought of human beings placed upon their own coffins at the foot of their graves, and shot. It is to be hoped that the example set in the timely execution of these men will have a tendency to decrease desertions among the newly made soldiers, the practice being almost wholly confined to them, at this time at least, in this army.

These unfortunate men manifested very little emotion, in view of their deplorable condition: much less than people in civil life would naturally infer. What a sight! five men, accompanied by their respective spiritual advisers, following their own coffins to the tomb. The coffins were placed at the foot of the graves, and the convicts seated upon them. While the 25,000 spectators were breathlessly looking on, the two farthest apart arose, met, kissed, and resumed their respective places. A few moments, and the Provost Marshal gives the command—ready, aim, fire, and thirty leaden messengers hurl five souls into eternity, unprepared, perhaps, to meet their Maker. The spectacle is too sad and heart-aching; let us chase it from our memory.

The general good feelings and confidence of the troops could not well be improved upon, unless by the announcement that the war is at an end; that peace again reigns throughout our whole country; and that we are soon to be transferred to our peaceful, quiet homes. The health of the army, so far as my observation goes, was never so complete and satisfactory since its organization. J. A. W.

From the N. Y. Herald, Sept. 3.

Gen. McClellan's Reports.

It was stated in our Washington correspondence yesterday that the War Department has given Gen. Hunter charge of Gen. McClellan's reports of his campaigns in Virginia, in order to examine them with a view to decide whether they are worthy of publication. The idea of insulting Gen. McClellan by submitting his reports to the judgment of an officer who ranks beneath him in the service, and who so signally failed in South Carolina, is worthy of Mr Stanton, and quite in keeping with the rest of his conduct towards Gen McClellan. The bulk of the reports and the expense of publication are urged as objections. If the War Department does not want them published at the expense of the Treasury, just let it return them to Gen. McClellan, who can easily find a publisher in New York who will give twenty thousand dollars for the manuscript. If they are not published at once the country will come to the conclusion that it is because there is too much truth in them for the Washington officials.

Special Dispatch to the N. Y. Tribune.

Washington, Sept. 2.

It is understood that Gen. McClellan has applied to the War Department for leave to print his voluminous report at his own expense. Permission will probably be granted to publish the same as a private work, the War Department disclaiming any responsibility in the matter.

What to do with a "Green-Back."—There is, just now, a way of using one of Uncle Samuel's paper Dollars, so as to get back the worth of many gold dollars in a single year. Everybody has heard of Seth Boyden's wonderful new Strawberry. From all accounts, it is a marvellous thing—the berries nearly as large as hen's eggs, and as good as they are large. Dealers were after it, offering as high as $3000 for the plants, to speculate upon but were glad to know that the enterprizing Publisher of the American Agriculturist got the start of them, and bought up all the plants, and is multiplying them in order to *give them away* to his subscribers! This is in effect a *free gift* to the public—for the Agriculturist, consisting only of a dollar a year, is of itself worth many dollars to every one, as we can testify, having ourselves long been a reader of it. To those unacquainted with it, we would say that the Agriculturist is a large journal of 32 pages in every number, is beautifully got up, and is illustrated with many pleasing and instructive Engravings, which are alone throw the whole cost. The pages are literally filled with good things—plain, practical, *reliable* information upon everything connected with the work of the Household, the Garden and the Farm,—including a very pleasing and instructive Department for Children and Youth that is hardly surpassed by any of the professedly Children's Magazines. The thousands of useful hints and suggestions in the Agriculturist, are all prepared by *practical working* men and women who know what they are talking about—cannot fail to be worth many dollars to every reader, whether residing in City, Village, or Country. There are special reasons for subscribing now: *First*, The rule for distributing the Strawberry plants is, "first come first served;" and *Second*, every new subscriber for the 23d annual Volume (that is, for all of 1864), will get the remaining numbers of this year free. Take our advice then, and send a dollar at once to the Publisher, (Orange Judd, 41 *Park Row, N. Y. City*,) and secure the paper, and the extra numbers, and also an early place in the great Strawberry list. If the plants are to come to you by mail, as they can safely do, send an extra five cents to cover the mailing. Those desiring to see the Agriculturist, before subscribing, can get a post-paid copy, by sending a *dime* to the Publisher, as above.

A system of clandestine drill, by night especially, it is alleged, is being carried on somewhat extensively in the south of Ireland, and an application has consequently been made to the government for extra constabulary force.

The Albany Statesman (Rep.) says that John M. Hoy, Esq., late private secretary to President Lincoln, resigned because he could no longer endure the "story telling at the White House, nor the improprieties around the departments."

If democrats are such mean men why do republicans wish to run the oldest of them for office? Queer way that to purify a party!

Burgess, of Janesville, who attended the Republican State Convention, as an ardent Salomon man, remarked, after his favorite candidate was beaten that he "*felt like Lazarus licked by dogs.*"

The Southwestern Local says a large number of emigrants are passing through Shullsburg, going west—some bound for Pike's Peak, some to California and others to homes not so far toward the occident.

The new Jewish Synagogue was consecrated in Madison, on Friday last. The ceremonies are represented to have been very interesting and of an impressive character.

The Oconto Pioneer says that Henry Hendricks was murdered in that place on the night of Saturday week. A young man named Venory has been arrested on suspicion.

B. F. Taylor, of Chicago, has gone to join the Army of the Cumberland, as the correspondent of the Journal of that city.

A very sensible shock of an earthquake was felt by many persons in St. Louis at about eight o'clock on Friday evening. In some houses the dishes rattled, and a dull, rumbling sound was distinctly audible for several seconds.

War News.

Fort Gibson, Indian Territory, Aug. 23, (Via Leavenworth, Sept. 5.)

Gen. Blunt's army, 4,500 strong, including twenty pieces of artillery, crossed the Arkansas River on the 22d, offered battle to the rebel Generals Steele and Cooper, who had massed on his front 11,000 men. After a faint show of resistance, the enemy commenced a retreat, which soon turned into a disorderly flight. They abandoned all their property. Blunt pursued them a hundred miles south of the Arkansas, to the Perryville, which is only fifty miles from the Red River. At this point he captured and destroyed their commissary depot. They continued their flight to Boggy Depot, on Red River.

The Indian Territory is now clear of rebels.

Blunt is now marching on Fort Smith, which will doubtless fall without a struggle.

The following are extracts from the Richmond Examiner of September 7:

Charleston Sept. 5.—To-day has witnessed another furious bombardment of Forts Wagner and Gregg by the enemy's fleet and batteries. The firing was begun at daylight and was maintained steadily until dark. A monitor is now firing on Fort Moultrie and another assault on battery Wagner is expected—probably to-night.

Since yesterday no further attack has been made on Sumter which has been held twenty days against all the efforts of the enemy's great guns, by land and sea. Of 7,551 shots, which have been fired at it, 3,495 have struck outside and 2,139 inside. The flag has been shot away fourteen times.

Charleston, Sept. 6th, 9:30 a. m.—The bombardment of batteries Wagner and Gregg has been incessant for the last 52 hours. The noise of the cannonade is tremendous. Last night the enemy landed near Cummings Point in barges and assaulted battery Gregg. The assault was repulsed

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 4.—A special to the Appeal says Gen. Price had an engagement with the enemy 15 miles below Little Rock, and obtained a victory over the Yankees. The Arkansas army has been rapidly reinforced.

It is understood Gen. Halleck says, that in three weeks he will have three corps, under Gen. Banks, to move on Mobile from Pensacola.

Chattanooga, Sept. 5. — Although the armies are in close proximity there are no indications of an early engagement but a slight cause may bring on one at any moment.

Atlanta, Sept. 5.—A special to the Confederacy says Col. Morrison, of the 1st Georgia cavalry, repulsed the enemy at Diamond Gap on the night of the 3d inst. Our loss was two wounded. The enemy's loss not known. The Brigade fell back south of the Tennessee River.

The enemy shelled London on the 2d and killed two women. The bridge was burned.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Gen. Burnside's official dispatches are of much length, detailing his advance and occupation of Knoxville, and are so interwoven with information of his contemplated movements as to render them improper for publication.

East Tennessee valley is cleared of rebels down to within a short distance at Chattanooga. It is expected ere this that our cavalry has destroyed the trestle-work on the Virginia & East Tennessee Railroad, where it spans river and valley in the mountainous regions.

Cincinnati, Sept. 9.—Crittenden's Division of Rosecrans' army took possession of Chattanooga to-day. The enemy evacuated yesterday, retreating south.

Fort Monroe, Sept. 9.—The steamer Daniel Webster arrived here from City Point, reports Morris Island evacuated by the confederates.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Maj. Gen. Rosecrans' report of the operations in Middle Tennessee is officially promulgated. It embraces the preliminaries which resulted in driving the rebels out of that portion of the State from the occupation of Murfreesboro, a point of supplies. Our loss was 85 killed, 162 wounded and 13 missing. We captured many small arms, three field pieces, six caissons, three limbers, three rifle siege pieces without carriages, besides arms destroyed by the cavalry, and in Quartermaster's stores 89 tents, 98 flags and 3,500 sacks of corn and corn meal.

The total number of prisoners taken was 59 commissioned 1,575 non commissioned officers and privates.

Gen. Lee is yet in Richmond. Doubtless an earnest consultation among the heads of the rebel government is being held. Great amicability exists between our pickets and those of the enemy. Yesterday about 100 men belonging to both armies bathed together in the Rappahannock.

The N. Y. Tribune has the following from a passenger by the steamship Scotia, who had peculiar facilities for becoming acquainted with the facts:

We learn that the Anglo-rebel ironclads are being pushed forward to completion with the utmost vigor. Two ironclads of 200 guns, combining the ram and monitor principles, are being built by Laird at Birkenhead. One of these is already launched.

They are plated with 4-inch iron each, carry turrets twelve inches thick, and have formidable rams projecting their sterns. Each turret will carry two 200-pounder rifle guns, and each vessel will be armed, in addition, two 100-pounder stern chasers.

The guns were ready at Preston, Lancashire, and would be shipped and put on board in the Irish channel.

Col. Charles H. Larrabee reached his home at Horicon on Saturday. He will be warmly welcomed back to home and friends. The Colonel has proved himself both in military and civil life a gallant champion of the people, and will not be permitted long to enjoy the charms of private life.

Seven Federal soldiers belonging to Kentucky regiments were shot at Mumfordsville, Sept. 4. Their crime was desertion.

A brother of the late General Lyon was drafted at Eastford, Ct., last week.

The iron-clad gunboat Cincinnati, which was sunk by the rebel batteries at Vicksburg, has been raised and towed to Cairo, where she is now undergoing the necessary repairs.

Some months ago a keel for a steamer three hundred feet long, was laid opposite Shanghai. As there is not any timber in that part of China suitable for so large a vessel, it was built of teak. Siam wood and Origan pine. The engines are from the Neptune Iron Works, New York, fitted up in Shanghai by James A. Smith. She is in all respects a first class steamer for the Yanktze river service, and is estimated to carry from 1,800 to 2,000 tons of cargo.

Fifty-three men were drafted in Enfield, Ct., and fifty-two of them paid their $300. The remaining gentleman was a darkey, who expressed his determination to go and represent the town.

General Land Office Business.—Returns to the General Land Office show that 35,000 acres of public lands in Washington Territory and Vancouver Districts were taken during the month of July last for cash and on homestead grants. The Commissioner has also received the surveys of ... plats containing 16,080 acres in the Colorado District, which are now ready for entry and sale. Patents are being prepared and will soon be issued to the Council Grove Company, Kansas, under the recent decision of the Secretary of the interior, in favor of that Corporation.—*Mil. Sentinel.*

A manufacturer in Boston is building one of the largest organs in the country, to be erected in the great Mormon tabernacle at Salt Lake City which building will seat 15,000 people. Owing to the great cost of transportation, the case of the organ, and the 16 and 32-feet diapasons, are to be made and finished in the building, under the supervision of a skillful workman now en route.

No Medical Consultation Necessary.—[illegible] should procure without delay, and read carefully [illegible] treatises, which are now offered to all who send their [illegible] and enclose two stamps to pay postage. We refer [illegible] Harvey's Treatise on Female Diseases and [illegible] Treatise on Self-Abuse. See advertisement in [illegible] column.

Drunkenness Cured.—The inebriate [illegible] to the tempting cup. *Dr. Zane's [illegible]* is a certain cure for Drunkenness [illegible] for strong drink, and can be given without the knowledge of the person [illegible] Sent by mail to any address, by [illegible] Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. [illegible]

[illegible] Bitters [illegible]

PUBLIC FAIR!!

A Public Stock Fair will be held in the town of [illegible] at the house of Louis Gass, on the several [illegible] mentioned hereafter:

On the first Monday in October next
" " " March following,
" " " May "
" " " July "
" " " October "

Exhibitors and purchasers are cordially invited [illegible] present. JOHN DEITZEN, Pres.
Louis Gass, Sec'y. C. D. Kruse, Treas.
John P. Heinz, } Committee.
Joem Probst, }

WEBER, WILLIAMS & FITCH,

25 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO,

Wholesale Dealers in

Hats Caps Furs

&c., &c.,

Are now prepared to offer to the public [illegible] much the largest, most attractive [illegible] cheapest stock of

Hats, Caps, Furs,
Buckskin Goods,
Buffalo and Fancy Robes,
Umbrellas,
Ladies' Hats, &c.

To be found west of the seaboard [illegible] can and will sell as low as any firm EAST [illegible]

Special attention is invited to our extensive [illegible]

Fur Caps and Ladies and Gents' Furs

ORDERS

Will receive prompt attention of one of the firm.
WEBER, WILLIAMS & FITCH

THE GREAT

AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,

51 VESEY STREET, NEW YORK:

Since its organization, has created a new era in the history of

Wholesaling Teas in the Country

They have introduced their selections of TEAS [illegible] selling them at not over

TWO CENTS (.02 Cents) per lb above Cost,

Never deviating from the ONE PRICE [illegible]

Another peculiarity of the Company is that their TASTER not only devotes his time to the selection of TEAS as to quality, value, and particular styles for particular localities of country, but he helps the Tea buyer to choose out of their enormous stock such Teas as are best adapted to his particular wants, and not only this, but points out to him the best bargains. It is easy to see the incalculable advantage a Tea Buyer has in this establishment over all others. If he is no judge of Tea, or the Market, if his time is valuable, he has all the benefits of a well organized system of doing business, of an immense capital, of the judgment of a professional Tea Taster, and the knowledge of superior salesmen.

This enables all Tea Buyers—no matter if they are thousands of miles from this market—to purchase on as good terms here as the New York Merchants.

Parties can order Teas and will be served as well as though they came themselves, being sure to get original packages, true weights and tares; and the Teas are Warranted as represented.

We issue a Price List of the Company's Teas, which will be sent to all who order it; comprising

Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder, Twankay, and Skin.

Oolong, Souchong, Orange & Hyson Pekoe.

Japan Tea, *of every description, colored and uncolored.*

This list has each kind of Tea divided into four Classes, namely cargo, CARGO, high CARGO, FINE, FINEST, that every one may understand from description and the prices annexed that the Company are determined *to undersell the whole Tea trade.*

We *guarantee* to sell ALL our Teas at *not over TWO CENTS (.02 Cents) per pound above cost*, believing this to be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying Enormous Profits.

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
Importers and Jobbers, No. 51 Vesey Street, N. Y.

Our Woodland Home.

☞ Hon. T. R Hudd will address the Menasha Democratic Club on this (Saturday) evening Let their be a representation from this City.

☞ Rev. D. H Cooley returned home from his Eastern tour on Tuesday last, and will officiate at his Church, as usual, to-morrow.

☞ Ex-Congressman Potter has promised to present to the Cabinet of our College that *delicate bowie-knife* of Congressional memory!

☞ See notice of Cattle Fair in another column A rare opportunity for cattle buyers and sellers

☞ The cellar walls of Hammond's new brick block are finished, the other work will be rapidly pushed forward until completion.

☞ The improvements on the Congregational Church edifice are progressing favorably, under the superintendence of Mr Parish.

☞ Quite a respectable number of home-seekers have been in town this week All expressed themselves more than satisfied with "Our Woodland Home." We lack one requisite very much—rentable houses. Nearly, if not all, the residences in town are occupied

☞ Acting Master Dunn, of the Gunboat Kanawha, and who has been spending a few days with his friends here, returned to duty this week

☞ Many our of citizens have followed our advice and devoted a choice piece of ground to the cultivation of strawberries. Once tried, and you will never neglect them

☞ Lieut Wm. Young 32d Reg't from Dale, has resigned on account of ill health He is one of our best men

☞ Hon J. F. Potter, of Milwaukee, was in town on Wednesday and Thursday last, connected with his daughter's education at Lawrence University

☞ Stop Thief!—Mr. John Snider, of Snidersville, in this county had a fine, plated sett of double harness stolen from his barn, on Saturday night last Any person giving proper information of the whereabouts of said harness to Mr Snider, will be suitably and liberally rewarded

☞ Soldier's Aid.—The proceeds of the late Festival amounted to $120 The Ladies have already forwarded over $250 worth of Blackberry Wine and Cordial &c, and still the cry from the 8,000 sick and wounded at Memphis is, "send us more" Will the farmers send in anything, no matter what, in the nature of Farm Produce? The Ladies will have lunches, &c, during our County Fair

☞ Returned.—John D Lawe, of the 32d Reg't formerly Publisher of the Bay City Press, called on us Tuesday last. He has been and is still suffering from a severe attack of Billous Fever and Camp Dysintery Under the influence of our bracing Northern breezes he will soon recover to his former self, and then return to the army. He reports that a large percentage of the 32d are in the hospital

☞ Fire at New London.—By private advices, we learn that New London suffered a terrible conflagration on Sunday morning last, by which the str Wolf and a warehouse and contents were destroyed. "The Wolf (says the Oshkosh Review) was owned by Capt Drummond his loss will be over $3,000 —no insurance" One man was either burned or drowned The warehouse was owned by Cha's Lipkie, whose loss on furs alone is stated at $1,500

☞ Hon A B Jackson, Register of the Menasha Land Office, informs us that the sale of U S. Lands has been much more spirited the past month than at any time during the past four years The whole country will be flooded with paper money, in a brief time, by the establishment of the so-called "National Banks," and as almost every thing except land must pay a tax under the National Tax Law, we can see no good reason why land should not come up very speedily. Surplus capital must find a market or make one Real Estate failures have seldom been witnessed in the West

Heavy Game.—Five Bears have been seen in Grand Chute within ten days A farmer on the "School Section" had a hog *badly* killed by the animals the other day. Deer abound in considerable numbers in the same locality. A Belgian from the same vicinity reports that, while hunting his cow the other evening, his dog, which was in advance of him only a few paces, was pounced upon by a *panther*, and was literally torn in pieces! Who knows but this may be the mate of the panther in our College Cabinet, killed by Sam P Hart a few years since?

☞ Prospectes of rain.

☞ Lawrence University has opened her doors this term with brighter prospects than ever before. A very large delegation of students are in attendance. All the Professors are on hand as usual. Prof. Kellogg (who has charge of the Normal Department) comes highly recommended as an old and experienced teacher, and will no doubt add force and strength to the College Miss Sherman, an accomplished lady from Southern Wisconsin, is the new Preceptress, and promises to give thorough satisfaction. Prof. Fellows will not immediately enter upon the active duties in the College, but may do so during the year. Nothing need be said in favor of President Mason or the other Instructors who hold over—the public is aware of their respective qualifications Lawrence University has commenced a new and more favorable era in its Educational career God grant her continued sunshine!

☞ Many Thanks.—Buck (everybody knows Julius S) came along Wednesday afternoon, and told us to don our coat and prepare for perambulate Well, we donned! Pretty soon we found ourselves at one of the sweetest houses the sun ever looked upon Buck invited us into the house retired from the room; returned shortly, bearing in his arms a monstrous basket filled with mammoth apples, plums and grapes Handing us a plate and knife, he said "pitch in," and we pitched! After *worrying down a peck* of the most luscious apples and a *bushel* of the most delicios green gages ever before seen, a large basket of similar operations was placed in our possession, for the home circle Well, Buck, we cannot do the subject justice "We're too full for utterence!" But may "greenbacks" crowd your pathway to the grave, and may a chaplet of fruit encircle your brow, when you shall have been waited beyond the silver clouds

☞ Singular Coincidence.—We have a friend (who has not?) who does not live many miles from this city, and whose head is now covered o'er with the frosts of many winters Well, our friend is the father of four accomplished daughters, who in turn entered life matrimonial and have gathered around the domestic hearthstone happy families But a singular coincidence has marked their family history: *Each have had born unto them two boys and a girl, in the order given, and the first child in each family has died!* Can any of our numerous readers give us a more marked instance of the kind named?

☞ Excuse Us.—Messrs Bryant, Stratton & Spencer, of Milwaukee and "all along shore," have proposed to advertise in the Crescent to the immense sum of $10, provided the same be applied on the purchase of a Scholarship! When we desire a better commercial education, we'll *take the matter under consideration*, but until that period excuse our declining your *generous* terms!

☞ Messrs Fowler & Wells have *kindly* sent us a cargo of advertising, for all of which they propose to pay us in "patent clothes wringers, washing machines, churns," &c! We are not in the wooden-ware trade—never peddled in our lives—haven't scarcely any clothes—nary a cow! If we had such desideratums, we've got what we class as the *best* washing machine in creation. Ours is about 1½ feet high and wears a "caliker dress!" Go to grass with your wooden nutmeg flambustications!

☞ De Land some weeks ago sent us a batch of "Saleratus" puffs (nearly as long as the Democratic platform,) for the publication of which he offered us the *enormous sum of two dollars!* We spit upon his offer with the contempt it deserved. The Motor is now grinding them out in weekly doses!!

☞ Weber, Williams & Fitch.—This well known house, one of the very largest if not the largest in the Northwest, are prepared for the fall trade with more than their usual well known facilities Their stock has been largely increased with an unusually well selected and choice assortment of Hats, Caps, Furs, Umbrellas, Robes, etc, etc.—This firm is too long established and known to need commendation, and we simply make these remarks to assure country merchants that whatever they may be purchasing in this line cannot be bought to better advantage than to the above firm, either in quality, price or quantity.—*Chicago Tribune.*

☞ The sale of Fairbanks' Scales the present year, particularly at the West, has been largely in advance of any previous year during the whole history of the Messrs. Fairbanks' business, which shows the unusual prosperity of those branches of business in which weighing is done, and also the increasing popularity with the public of these celebrated Scales

☞ The Common Council meets this (Saturday) Evening

The Diseases of Error.—(*Les Maladies d'Erreur.*) I, John B Ogden M. D., author and publisher of the above work, do hereby promise and agree to send (free of charge) to any young man who will **write** for it, a sample copy for perusal. The proper study of mankind is man This valuable work is issued and sent forth for the benefit of suffering humanity It treats in simple language on all the diseases of Error, including Seminal Weakness, Nervous Debility, Indigestion, Melancholy Insanity Wasting Decay Impotency, &c, &c—giving safe speedy, and effectual prescriptions for their permanent cure, together with much valuable information All who favor me with a desire to read my work shall receive a sample copy by return mail, free of charge

Address JOHN B OGDEN, M D
7m No 60 Nassau st, New York

"How Beautiful and Natural."

This remark was overheard on the street the other day, made by a lady after she had been examining one of those splendid pictures taken at Patton's new gallery of art The fact is that Mr Patton has purchased one of the finest instruments in the State, with the latest Improvements and can't help turning out the most satisfactory pictures. [illegible] full length Ambrotypes cannot be surpassed for beauty and clearness The arrangement of his light enables him to take the most perfect pictures But the proof of the pudding is always in the eating so we say go and see and satisfy yourselves

Lyon's Kathairon.

Kathairon is from the Greek word "Kathro" or "Kathairo," signifying to cleanse rejuvenate restore This article is what its name signifies For preserving restoring and beautifying the human hair it is the most remarkable preparation in the world It is again owned and put up by the original proprietor and is now made with the same care skill and attention which gave it a sale of over one million bottles per annum It is a most delightful Hair Dressing It eradicates scurf and dandruff It keeps the head cool and clean It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy It prevents the hair from falling off and turning gray It restores hair upon bald heads Any lady or gentleman who values a beautiful head of hair should use Lyon's Kathairon It is known and used throughout the civilized world—Sold by all respectable dealers DEMAS S BARNES & CO Proprietors New York 7 w

Heimstreet's Inimitable Hair Restorative.

IT IS NOT A DYE but restores gray hair to its [illegible] [illegible] the capillary tubes with [illegible] [illegible] the vitality and beauty of the hair [illegible] Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring [illegible] its natural color by an easy process [illegible] prevents its falling off, eradicates dandruff and imparts health and pleasantness to the head It has stood the test of time being the original Hair Coloring and is constantly increasing in favor Used by both gentlemen and ladies It is sold by all respectable dealers or can be procured by them of the commercial agents D S Barnes & Co 202 Broadway N York [illegible] 7 ow

The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid.—Published for the benefit and as a warning and a CAUTION TO YOUNG MEN who suffer from Nervous Debility Premature Decay, &c [illegible] supplying at the same time THE MEANS OF SELF CURE—By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense and injury through medical humbug and quackery By enclosing a post paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq
4t Bedford Kings County N Y

Hagan's Magnolia Balm.

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered It changes the sunburnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty imparting the marble purity of youth and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin leaving the complexion fresh transparent and smooth It contains no material injurious to the skin [illegible] by Actresses and Opera Singers It is what every lady should have Sold everywhere DEMAS S BARNES & CO General Agents 202 Broadway N Y

EDITOR OF CRESCENT

Dear Sir With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it (free) a recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove in 10 days Pimples Blotches Tan Freckles and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft clear smooth and beautiful

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair Whiskers or a Moustache in less than 30 days All applications answered by return mail without charge

Respectfully yours THOS F CHAPMAN
[illegible] 831 Broadway New York

ANOTHER REDUCTION!

AT THE

Appleton City Market!

J. C. SMITH, Proprietor

Best Cuts of Beef Only Seven Cents!

[illegible]

TO THE CITIZENS OF APPLETON AND VICINITY GREETING

[illegible]

Good Variety,

[illegible]

[illegible] Hams, Mutton [illegible]

[illegible]

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

[illegible]

Appleton April 1862 10-1y

SRAYED OR STOLEN!

[illegible] SAMUEL KNOX
Oshkosh, Sept 2 1863 (11-4w*)

ESTRAY COW.

Came into my premises on or about the 17th of August last a large spotted Cow, white face red ears, one damaged eye short tail, red legs small horns [illegible] cow Owner requested to prove property and take her away MICHAEL McGINNIS
Greenville, Aug 18th 1863

INSTITUTE FOR THE NORTH-WEST.

Hon J. L Pickard Supt of Public Instruction kindly informs us that a Teacher's Institute will be held at Green Bay for the counties of Outagamie, Brown, Door Kewaunee, Oconto, and Shawano Commencing Monday Sept 21 1863 to be continued one week Teachers of Outagamie county are cordially invited to attend said Institute Lady teachers will be entertained free 9w3 MARTIN GERRITS *County Sup't*

MILLINERY.

To the Ladies of Appleton.

Miss E. M. WIGMAN,

Recently from Europe would respectfully inform the ladies of Appleton, that she is prepared to supply their wants, in the latest styles of goods From a practical experience in our large cities, she flatters her-elf being able to please all who may favor her with patronage — Shop at residence in First Ward in rear of National Hotel Appleton, Aug 13 1863 8tf

ESTRAY.

A Brindle STAG five years old, with brass knobs on horns and a hole through the nigh horn just below the knob, has strayed away from my premises Any one who will return him or give information of his whereabouts will be liberally rewarded JOHN TIPLER
Hortonville, Aug 21, 1863 10w4

Visiting Cards,

Printed to order on short notice and in style, at the CRESCENT

FIRST PREMIUM COOK STOVES.

This Stove took the first premium over all other COOK STOVES at the State Fair held at Rochester, on the 1st day of October 1862

Economy is Wealth.

This maxim will be fully demonstrated by buying an

AMERICAN HOT AIR

COOKING STOVE,

As it will bake broil and roast better than any other Stove, with a saving of 25 per cent in fuel and a very large percentage in convenience

This stove has the following advantages

1st They are constructed with a view of great durability all the plates exposed to the fire are made of an extra thickness

2d The flues are lined with a non conducting cement the keeping the heat directly to the oven, and the oven can be heated and kept in baking order with less fuel than any other Stove

3d It has a hot air draft which not only makes the fuel burn freely and last longer, but adds to the heating and baking facilities

4th They consume all the gases from the fuel thereby utilizing largely of the amount of heat obtained from the quantity of fuel used

5th The Stove is made smooth and finished in the most superior manner The oven is large and well ventilated The stove is convenient and handy made for use It is adapted the language of some who have used this Stove, it will do more work with less fuel than any other Stove In proof we add the following testimony

From H Ashburn Ch [illegible]

The American Hot Air Cooking Stove—We have used this stove for the [illegible] and have no hesitation in pronouncing it the best Cook Stove we have ever known It is [illegible] perfect in every respect We [illegible] that it will give good satisfaction to every family who purchases it

W H [illegible]
Albany December 1861

Mr Sack—*My Dear Sir* My family have made a thorough trial of the American Hot Air Cooking Stove and the economy both in the [illegible] of any money and [illegible] is [illegible] they consider it as perfect as it is to have nothing to be desired

Very truly yours W H SPRAGUE

From the Newburgh Telegraph

Few articles of household economy are so important as a good cooking stove and there are fewer articles in the housekeeping line in which there are so many candidates for popular favor Among the latest is one for some months past advertised in our columns and which we have had in use a sufficient period It is called the American Hot-Air Gas Burning Cooking Stove and take it altogether it is in our judgment the very best cooking stove now in the market It has many peculiarities which perhaps could not be well understood except by an actual examination and our own use of it during several months has shown us that it is fully entitled to all that is claimed for it We do not find it lacking in any one particular which is highly prized for cooking [illegible] and its extraordinary capacity for burning gas [illegible] all [illegible] the facilities of the range in a remarkable degree The castings are unusually heavy and indeed we hardly know of a requisite which is wanting to make it the best cooking stove in use [illegible]

Manufactured by SHEAR PACKARD & CO
11 3y 17 & 19 Green st Albany N Y
FOR SALE BY **C. G. ADKINS**, **Appleton.**

Badger Furniture

ESTABLISHMENT!

College Avenue Appleton,

Is Still in Full Blast!

Sofas Center Tables Mattresses Mahogany and Black Walnut Bureaus Mahogany and Cane Seat Chairs every variety of Rocking Chairs, Marble and Buttonwood Tables Stands and [illegible] Common Office and House Chairs [illegible] Lockers, Childrens Wagons and Cradles &c

[illegible] painting varnishing and repairing done in the best style Particular attention given to

UNDERTAKING.

No other establishment can compete with me in this line either for durability beauty or cheapness
N.B [illegible] CASH [illegible] C [illegible] GER
Appleton April 1862 10-1y

EXCELSIOR!!

Lawrence Mills,

Appleton Wisconsin

The proprietors [illegible] generally and the public [illegible] [illegible] their [illegible]

Stone Mill,

Situated near the Second Ward Bridge, convenient of access is in good running order ready to accommodate the FARMERS OF OUTAGAMIE COUNTY

This mill has been pronounced by competent judges to be superior to any other in this section of the country [illegible] satisfaction
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR WHEAT
JOHNSON MORY & CO
Appleton April 1862 9-1y

FRANK BERNARD

Keeps [illegible] the lowest possible prices

Groceries

Provisions

Confectionery

Yankee Notions

&c. &c.

A general assortment of [illegible] for family use

FURNITURE

[illegible] for staple prices [illegible] stuff and will [illegible] for [illegible]

[illegible]

COME AND SEE ME

Appleton April 1862 14tf

NEW JEWELER'S SHOP!!

Next Door to the Post Office Appleton, Wis.

A. C. EVITS,

Has removed his establishment to the above convenient location and is prepared to do all work in his line in a manner to satisfy all

CLOCKS & WATCHES,

Appleton [illegible] for sale Fine Jewelry, *warranted as represented* always on hand

REPAIRING,

[illegible] promptly and neatly done Any experience [illegible] the business is sufficient to guaranty satisfaction Appleton Wis 42x10

THE GREAT BATTLE COMMENCED!

The subscriber having resumed business in Appleton, is now fully prepared to attend to BLACKSMITHING in all its branches Particular attention given to the manufacture of

EDGE TOOLS.

I have a new pattern of STEEL PLOWS which is warranted to give satisfaction, or no pay Terms easy for cash—all work warranted—prices low as the lowest

Shop two doors north of Crescent Hotel nearly opposite C[illegible] stand FRANK PROCTOR
Appleton April, 1863 10-39

MONEY FOUND.

On the cars and left with the subscriber on July 29th at Appleton station a pocket book containing a sum of money Owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this notice W H Clew
Appleton July 31, 1863 (6 w 4)

$75 TO $150 PER MONTH.

THIS LITTLE GIANT SEWING MACHINE COMPANY want an Agent in each County to solicit orders for their new **$15** machine with guage, screw-driver and extra needles We will pay a liberal salary and expenses or give large commission For particulars terms etc inclose a stamp, and address T S PAGE, Toledo, Ohio,
11tm3 Gen'l Agent for the United States

Blanks.

Justices Quit Claim Land Contracts, Warranty Deeds, Mortgages &c, at CRESCENT OFFICE

Pettibone's Column!!

ANOTHER TUMBLE

IN

DRY GOODS,

AT

PETTIBONE'S.

☞ 18 3-4 Cent Callicoes at 12 1-2 Cents, ☜
☞ 25 Cent Calicoes, best kinds, 18 3-4, ☜
☞ 25 Cent Lawns at 12 1-2. ☜

Shirtings, Sheetings, Denims, &c, 25 per ct below late prices!

We shall do all we can to help the People to

GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

THE

BEST BARGAINS

are always to be had at PETTIBONE'S.

BUTTER! BUTTER!

We Pay Cash and the Highest Market price, for Good Butter.

IMPORTANT NEWS

For the People of

THE FOX RIVER VALLEY!!

APPLETONIANS,

OUTAGAMIANS,

EVERYBODY,

READ!! READ!!

200 PACKAGES,

200 PACKAGES,

200 PACKAGES,

OF

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

NOW OPENING

NOW OPENING

NOW OPENING

AT

PETTIBONE'S.

ALL THE NOVELTIES

ALL THE NOVELTIES

ALL THE NOVELTIES

Of the Season!

BEAUTIFUL!

DURABLE!

ADMIRABLE!

DESIRABLE!

INVITING!

EXCITING!!

AND

CHEAP!

CHEAP!

VERY

CHEAP!

GOING!

GOING!!

GOING

FAST!!

HURRY UP!!

If you would

Avail yourself

Of this

THE BEST OPPORTUNITY

THE BEST OPPORTUNITY

FOR

GREAT BARGAINS!

GREAT BARGAINS!

LADIES,

GENTLEMEN,

Boys,

Girls,

COME AND SEE

OUR

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

New Goods!

CALL AND SEE

C. J. PETTIBONE.

Appleton May, 1863

ALLEN & JACKSON,

College Avenue Appleton, Wis

DRUGGISTS.

[illegible] DEALERS IN

Books and Stationery,

Fancy Articles,
Perfumery, Fine Hair and Tooth Brushes Childrens Toys,

BABIES' CABS.

Paint, Whitewash and other
Brushes, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical Uses Trusses, Supporters, and Shoulder Braces

OILS.

Kerosene, Whale, Sperm, Tanner's

Neats Foot, Machinery

RAW AND BOILED OILS

ALWAYS ON HAND

Patent Medicines of the most reliable kinds, and warranted genuine also Confectionery, Cigars, Tobacco, Kerosene, Burning Fluid, Lamps and all articles kept in a Drug and Bookstore, which will be sold cheap
ALLEN & JACKSON.
April 15 1863 9-51y

LESTER & FOSTER,

Corner of Oneida and College Avenue, Appleton, Wis

Chemists & Druggists:

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines Chemicals Perfumery and Toilet Soaps, Fine Hair and Tooth Combs, &c.

Surgical Instruments, Trusses and Suspenders,

Pure Wines and Liquors

FOR MEDICAL USES,

FANCY

AND TOILET ARTICLES

Paints and Oils,

GLASS AND PUTTY.

VARNISHES AND DYE-STUFFS.

N. B.—Particular attention will be given to compounding Physicians Prescriptions and Family Receipts
Appleton, April, 1863 11y

GREAT EXCITEMENT

AT THE

Stone Block!

GOOD TIMES
COME AGAIN ONCE MORE

LATEST DISPATCHES!!

To the residents of Appleton and Outagamie county, Greeting We appear before you to express our gratitude for past patronage, soliciting a continuance of the same, relying upon our ability to sell you goods at

Prices to Suit the Times.

IN THE LINE OF

DRY GOODS,

We have a good assortment, suited to the wants of the people Our stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Can not be beat, either for quality or cheapness in price In the department of

Hardware and Tinware,

We challenge comparison having a full assortment, and great variety, adapted to the wants of the county We have a

TIN SHOP

And are constantly manufacturing articles needed or called for Work done on short notice

STOVES! STOVES

Cooking, Parlor, Box and Other Stoves, latest and most approved patterns

Crockery, Glassware and Looking Glasses,

A Good Assortment.

Wooden
and Willow
Ware, Flour and
Feed Codfish, Sugars
Teas Molasses Syrup, Vinegar, Dried Fruit Raisins, Soap
and Candles, Fish, Tobacco, Salt, C.
& F. Rope, Rice, Saleratus, Soda, &c.

We keep on hand all the PATENT MEDICINES of the age as well as an assortment of

Drugs, Medicines & Dye Stuffs.

WALL, WINDOW, CURTAIN,

WRAPPING, WRITING, AND

PRINTING PAPER,

Constantly on hand. Printers will find our paper to be first rate, as we have improved the machinery of the Paper Mill lately and now do good work

OILS, OILS,

Clearer—brighter than gas, at one quarter the cost. Kerosene, Carbon, Petroleum, Lard Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Camphene, Alcohol and Burning Fluid.

LAMPS, LAMPS.

ALL KINDS, STYLES, AND FOR SALE AT LOW RATES

Agricultural Tools,

And Implements, of all kinds almost that may be required on a farm

CALL AND SEE US!

And we shall always aim to give you ample return for money invested with us. Don't forget the location Northeast corner College Avenue and Oneida Street.
Appleton, April, 1863. 10y C G ADKINS

THE NEWS DEPOT,

Has become one of the institutions of this great city It is synonimous with

LITERATURE, ART AND SCIENCE.

The Latest War News of the day fresh from the Press

May always be found on the counter The grave and gay, the comical and sentimental—in a word—all tastes however fastidious may be ministered unto.

Frank Leslie, Godey, Peterson and other Magazines for the Ladies

Harper, Atlantic, Continental, &c, for the Gents. Pictorials and Light Literature by the Bushel.

Spiritual publications, Fowlers Journals—in fact everything that may be called for.

Stationery

Of all kinds, in quantity Prize Packages, &c &c

Confectionery

The best in town, bound to sweeten the sourest visage.

CIGARS

I have a failing of keeping the VERY BEST CIGARS ever brought into this city

ALWAYS AT HOME.

Appleton, July, 1863 LEE & HARRIMAN
10-20

READ, AND DIGEST.

Appleton, May 17 1863

The subscriber is in the weekly receipt of **Spring & Summer Goods**, consequently will have the latest styles We don't say they are any better and cheaper than everybody else's, but we are willing and anxious that others should examine and judge We have now on hand a fair stock, not only of **Prints**, but of other

Dress Goods and Trimmings.

Gents and boys', Ladies' and misses Hats and Caps of all varieties and prices.

Lace Collars, Velvet and Fluted Ribbons, Veils, Dress Silks, Ladies and Misses Summer Balmorals, and probably the largest and best stock of Hoop Skirts this side of Chicago at all prices from 25c to $3. Berege, Merino and Cotton Shawls, Silk, Cotton and Linen Handkerchiefs Kid Lisle and Cotton Gloves, Head Dresses, Plumes, Coats Willimantic and other Spool thread, Elastic cord and Ribbons, Hosiery of all kinds, Flannels, Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings, Denims, Stripes, Checks, Dress Buttons of all styles, Belts, Table Spreads, Parasols, Umbrellas, Carpet Warp, Knitting Cotton, Napkins, &c, &c Can't enumerate

GROCERIES.

*Sugars,
Teas, Saleratus,
Soaps, Syrup, Tobacco,
Starch, Rice, Dried Apples, and
Peaches, Cider Vinegar, the purest Lard,
Salt, Pepper, Spices, Hams, Shoulders, Fish
Candles,*

HARDWARE.

Glass, Nails Oxle Chains, Axes Hinges, Butts and Screws Carriage Bolts, Thimble Skeins, Shovels, Spades Hoes, Pitch-forks, Manure-forks, Rakes Scythes, Cradles, Augers [illegible] Stoneware, Grind-Stones, from 30 to 250 lbs

SEEDS.

Clover, Flax, Timothy, and Millet Seed, and the best stock of Garden Seeds ever offered here.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Ladies', Misses and Children's, Men's and Boys

We invite our customers to give us a call. We don't mean to be out of goods unless Chicago, New York and Boston are drained, and **we don't mean to be undersold on goods of the like qualities.**

We would return our grateful acknowledgments to the public for the enlarged patronage we have received and take it for granted that there is yet discernment enough among the public to know where favorable purchases can be made *without resort to extended puffs.*
44-10 P. WHITE.

Relief has Come.

So Have Those Stoves!

OF

W. M. RUSSELL,

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES!

I have just received from the East the largest and most improved variety of

Parlor Stoves,

Box Stoves,

Office Stoves,

Stove Pipe,

Tin Ware,

Copper Ware,

Zinc Work,

&c., &c.,

ever brought into this market, and am prepared to defy all competition. None but first class material is ever used in my establishment

I do no credit business but will sell everything in my line,

Very Low for Cash!

JOB WORK

Done to order on short time and in a substantial manner Give me a call and I will satisfy you.

LOCATION—College Avenue, two doors west of the Post Office. W. M. RUSSELL.
Appleton, April 1863. 2-23

WANTED!

Five Hundred Laborers

To work on the

Minneapolis, Faribault, & Cedar Valley Railroad.

The Subscriber will pay in cash, the highest price for laborers Payments made on the 15th of each month Work will be continued through the winter. Agents can be found at Minneapolis, Mendota, Northfield and Faribault D. J. CAMERON.
August 13, 1863 9m3

Railroad Billiard Saloon

AND

RESTAURANT.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

The subscriber would inform the lovers of the "gay and festive" ball and cue, that he has made large additions and improvements, and can promise entire satisfaction His Rooms are airy and large; his tables are in good condition, his bar stocked with the choicest liquors, his location central. Oysters, Sardines, Cigars, Cider, Lager Beer, &c, always on hand in season. Everything at lowest figures for cash One door east of Crescent Hotel. W. FRAZER, Proprietor,
Appleton, April 1st, 1863 36y

FAIRBANKS'

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.

172 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

☞ BE CAREFUL BUY ONLY THE GENUINE. ☜

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

The Crescent.

Official Paper of the City and County.

APPLETON, SEPT., 12.

A Good Word for the Skunk.

The American Agriculturist says of the skunk:

"All summer long he roams your pasture at night picking up beetles and grubs, poking with his nose potato hills where many worms are at work. He is after the grubs, not the tubers. He takes possession of the apartment of the woodchuck, who has quartered himself and family upon your clover field or garden, and makes short work with all the domestic arrangements of that unmitigated nuisance. With this white-backed sentinel arround, you can raise clover in peace, and the young turnips will flourish. Your beans will not be prematurely snapped, and your garden sauce will be free from other vermin. The most careless observation of his habit shows that he lives almost exclusively upon insects. While you sleep he is busy doing your work, helping to destroy your enemies. In any fair account kept with him, the balance must be struck in his favor. Thus we often find friends under the most unpromising appearances, and badly abused are not unfrequently the benefactors of society."

Cure for a Felon.—As soon as the part begins to swell, get the Tincture of Lobelia and wrap the part affected thick with the cloth, saturate it thoroughly with the Tincture, and the felon is dead. An old physician says he has known this to cure in scores of cases, and it never fails if applied in season.

Remedy for Small-Pox.—The Surgeon Major of the Royal Horse Guards writes to the London *Times*, that the root of the pitcher plant is a specific for this disease. An ounce of the root is sliced, infused in a quart of water, allowed to simmer down to a pint, and given in two table spoonsful doses every four hours, while the patient is well nursed with beef tea and arrowroot.

Horses Over-Reaching.—Noticing for a remedy for horses over-reaching, I send you my method. Make the heel corks of the forward shoes high and the toe-corks very low, and of the hind shoes the heel-corks low and the toe-corks high. You will observe that the horse will raise his forward foot before the hind foot reaches it.—Blacksmith, *Moreland, Penn.*, 1861.

Killing Canada Thistles.—Having seen several methods for destroying the Canada thistle, I will also add my mite. Cut the thistles in the summer at any time when the stem is hollow, fill with turpentine, and the remedy will be complete.—Geo. W. Shaver, *Ann Arbor, Michigan.*

The Provost Marshal, Foster, who at Pittsburgh the other day administered forty or fifty lashes on the back, to a deserter who had offered himself a substitute, it seems, was, or is the editor of a republican paper, which is in the habit of spilling crocodile tears over the whipping of negroes by their masters South.

The draft in New York City is finished. The whole number drawn is a little over 19,000, or one in six of the number enrolled of the first class.

General Election Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that at the general election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday, being the third day of November next, in the several towns, wards, and election precincts in the State of Wisconsin, and by the qualified electors of this State, in the actual military service of the United States or of this State, at the several posts, camps or places where the regiment or battery of artillery, or part of a regiment not less than one company, under a separate command, to which such electors belong, may be on that day, the following officers are to be elected, to wit:

A Governor in place of Edward Salomon; A Lieutenant Governor; A Secretary of State in place of J. T. Lewis; A State Treasurer, in place of Samuel D. Hastings; An Attorney General in place of Winfield Smith; A State Superintendent, in place of J. L. Pickard; A Bank Comptroller in the place of William H. Ramsey; A State Prison Commissioner, in the place of A. P. Hodges; whose several terms of office will expire on the first Monday of January, a. d. 1864.

Also, a State Senator in each of the following Senate districts, whose terms of office will expire on the first Monday of January, a. d. 1866, to wit: The second district, comprising the counties of Brown and Kewaunee; the fourth district, comprising the third, fourth, fifth and eighth wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Wauwatosa, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek and Franklin, in the county of Milwaukee; the eighth district, comprising the county of Kenosha; the tenth district, comprising the county of Waukesha; the twelfth district, comprising the county of Walworth; the fourteenth district, comprising the county of Sauk; the sixteenth district, comprising the county of Grant; the eighteenth district, comprising the towns of Fox Lake, Lake, Chester, Westford, Beaver Dam, Burnett, Calamus, Oak Grove, Elba, Clyman, Lowell, Portland, Emmet, Shields, Trenton, the city of Beaver Dam, the fifth and sixth wards of the city of Watertown, and the south ward of the village of Waupun, in the county of Dodge; the twentieth district, comprising the county of Fond du Lac; the twenty-second district, comprising the counties of Outagamie, Shawanaw, Oconto and Door; the twenty-fourth district, comprising the county of Green; the twenty-sixth district, comprising the towns of Dane, Roxbury, Mazomanie, Black Earth, Berry, Springfield, Middleton, Cross Plains, Vermont, Blue Mounds, Springdale, Verona, Fitchburg, Oregon, Fitchburg, Oregon, Montrose, Primrose, Perry, Madison, and the city of Madison, in the county of Dane; the twenty-eighth district, comprising the counties of Pierce, Polk, St. Croix, Dallas, Douglas, La Pointe and Ashland; the thirtieth district, comprising the counties of Richland, Crawford and Vernon; the thirty-second district, comprising the counties of Jackson, Trempealeau, Buffalo, Pepin, Eau Claire, Dunn and Chippewa.

A Member of Assembly in each Assembly District of the State; and such County Officers as are by law required to be elected at such election.

Said election to be conducted, the votes canvassed and returns made in accordance with the provisions of chapter seven of the Revised Statutes of 1858, and chapter eleven of the laws of 1862, extra session.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the [seal.] State, at the capitol in Madison, this 3d day of August, a. d. 1863.

JAMES T. LEWIS, *Secretary of State.*

Pursuant to the above notice by the Sec'y of State, I hereby give notice that, at the next general election to be held in and for the county of Outagamie and state of Wisconsin, said election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday, being the third day of November next, in the several towns, wards and election precincts, the following officers are to be elected, to wit:

A Governor, in place of Edward Salomon; a Lieutenant Governor; a Secretary of State, in place of Jas. T. Lewis; a State Treasurer, in place of Samuel D. Hastings; an Attorney General, in place of Winfield Smith; a State Superintendent, in place of J. L. Pickard; a Bank Comptroller, in place of W. H. Ramsey; a State Prison Commissioner, in place of A. P. Hodges; also a State Senator for the 22d district, in place of Thomas R. Hudd, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, a. d. 1864. A Member of Assembly for the district comprising the county of Outagamie, in the place of Byron Douglas, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, a. d. 1864. Three County Commissioners, as follows; a Commissioner in place of W. H. P. Bogan; also one in place of James McGillan; also one in place of J. J. Steffen. A Register of Deeds in place of P. H. O'Brien, whose term of office will expire on the 31st day of December next. A County Superintendent of Schools in place of Martin Gerrits, whose term of office will expire on the 31st day of December, 1863.

Said election to be conducted, the votes canvassed and returns made in accordance with the provisions of chapter seven of the Revised Statutes of 1858, and chapter eleven of the Laws of 1862, extra session.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Appleton, August 13th, 1863.

EDWARD MURPHY, Sheriff Out. Co., Wis.

By E. C. Goff, Under Sheriff. (8te)

City Nursery.

WE, the undersigned, offer for sale for the spring of 1863, the following varieties of of Fruits, described as follows:

25 Varieties of Apples,

Embracing Summer, Autumn, and Winter, and all tested, hardy kinds, age from 5 to 6 years old; height 6 to 8 feet.

Price (when delivered at Appleton) per 100 ......$25.00
Dwarf Apples, each 0 50

PearTrees, Dwarf, Extra Size.

3 and 4 years old, with fruit buds $0 50
2 and 3 years old 0 40
Standard Pears, 6 to 8 feet high 0 50
" " 4 to 6 " 0 40

These Pear Trees are very fine; the extra sized are three years from bud or graft, and are model trees in all respects; the Dwarfs are not to be excelled.

20 VARIETIES OF PLUMS.

Standard, 5 to 7 feet high, 2 and 3 years old $0 75
" 4 to 5 " " 0 50

These Trees are straight, stocky, and furnished with regular and handsome heads.

CHERRIES.

A good hardy assortment, 5 to 6 feet high, 50 to 75 cts.

GRAPES.

	cts. each		cts. each
Delaware	50 to 75	Rebecca	40 to 50
Concord	40 to 50	Isabella	25 to 50
Diana	40 to 50	Clinton	20 to 30
Hartford Prolific			40 to 50
Northern Muscadine			50 to 75

All Trees warranted true to name and in good condition.

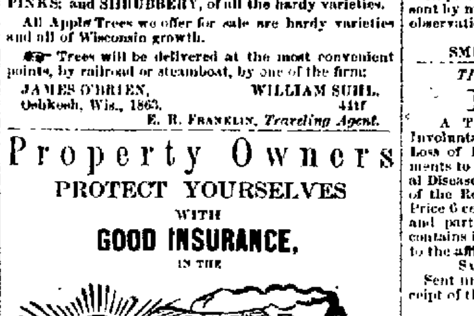
Also, a fine assortment of ROSES, Standard and Running; DAHLIAS; GLADIOLUS and CARNATION PINKS; and SHRUBBERY, of all the hardy varieties.

All Apple Trees we offer for sale are hardy varieties and all of Wisconsin growth.

Trees will be delivered at the most convenient points, by railroad or steamboat, by one of the firm:

JAMES O'BRIEN, WILLIAM SUHL.
Oshkosh, Wis., 1863. 44tf
E. R. Franklin, *Traveling Agent.*

Property Owners
PROTECT YOURSELVES
WITH
GOOD INSURANCE,
IN THE



An Institusion tested and improved by 42 year's duty, having paid fully $14,000,000 Losses, Among 16,000 claimants. Has now a Cash Capital & Surplus of $2,354,070,82!

And uniformly conducts business in the most efficient, serviceable, and satisfactory manner.

Prudence and Economy, as well as good management, urges the wisdom of Insurance when a most reliable kind is obtainable at fair rates and rules.

In this important matter the first essential is to secure the best, and the Management of the Ætna design especially maintaining integrity for sterling business qualities in the future as the past, confidently looking for reward in a greater appreciation and preference from property owners.

LOOK TO QUALITY

As a paramount consideration, reverse the rule making a low rate of premium the chief essential; for the *cheapest* rate is too frequently only an index of the poorest insurance.

As our rates are graduated by the law of compensation, after ample experience, the propriety of Insurance extends with equal force to the safer classes of property it does to those of a more hazardous nature. The safer the risk the lower the percentage—the greater the hazard the higher the premium. So protect your property by a good policy from the Ætna. 1Oct

DAVID SMITH, *Banker, Appleton, Agent.*

ARCTIC
FIRE & INLAND NAVIGATION
INSURANCE COMPANY,
18 WALL STREET, N. Y.

Cash Capital 250,000.

Assets Sept. 1st, 1862, $276,193.20.

Fire and Marine Ins., in all its Branches.

Policies issued on Dwellings and their Furniture for One, Three and Five Years.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.

J. MILTON SMITH, Pres't.
27y VINCINT TILYON, Sec'y.

Wm. S. Warner, *Agent at Appleton.*

American Express Company.

1863. GENERAL 1863.
EXPRESS FORWARDERS BETWEEN ALL POINTS
EAST, WEST, NORTH, SOUTH.

Each Express is sent on a first-class passenger train, and accompanied by trusty messengers provided with Iron Safes for security of valuables.

The unequalled facilities and great extent of the routes of this old established Company, enables them to transport with the greatest safety and speed

Coin, Bank Bills, Jewelry, Valuable Packages

And parcels of all kinds, as well as merchandize,

AT RATES AS LOW AS ANY OTHER RESPONSIBLE COMPANY.

All losses and damages promptly adjusted.

Collection Department.

Particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills, Accounts, and Bills of Purchase sent with goods to be collected on delivery. Goods with invoices to be collected on delivery of the same, should always be marked C. O. D., and amount marked on Package or Box.

Extension of Territory.

This Company, have recently extended their lines, and established offices at all points on the Upper Mississippi, including Winona, Wabashaw, Red Wing, Prescott, and St. Paul, connecting with Burbank & Co.'s Express to all the principal points in the interior of Minnesota; also, for Crow Wing, Pembina and the British Possessions. Offices have been established on the Saint Croix River at Hudson and Stillwater. On the St. Peter's River, at St. Peter's, Mankato and Faribault. On the Chippewa River, at Eau Claire. They have also extended their lines westward in Iowa and established offices at Iowa Falls, Fort Dodge and Sioux City. Connections are made in New York with Wells, Fargo & Co., for California, Oregon, &c. At Toronto, with British and American Express for Montreal, Quebec, Portland, and all parts of the old country. At St. Joseph, by Overland Mail Company, for Pike's Peak, California, &c. (52m2) JAS. C. FARGO, *Sup't.*

'63. Grand Trunk '63.

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS FROM
GREEN BAY!

The shortest route to BUFFALO, all points in the Eastern States, and CANADA!

Passengers via this route will save 24 hour's time between Green Bay and all points East. On arrival of the Chicago and North-Western railway train every Tuesday and Saturday morning, a first class steamer will leave Green Bay, connecting with the Grand Trunk Railway at Sarnia, for Buffalo, and all points in the Eastern States. This being a new line, every exertion will be made to make it the most popular and reliable route for transportation of passengers and freight bound East.

Lady Franklin, Capt. L. Chamberlain, leaves Green Bay every Tuesday morning,—Union, Capt. C. R. Cooper, leaves Green Bay every Saturday morning,—for Sarnia. Connecting at Sarnia with the Grand Trunk Railway express trains for Buffalo, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Toronto, Oswego, Kingston, Prescott, Ottawa City, Montreal, Quebec, White Mountains, Portland and Eastern States. At Ogdensburgh, with Northern New York and Vermont Central Railways for St. Albans, Burlington, Montpelier, Concord, Lowell, Nashua, and all points in the England States. Forming a fast passenger and freight line to above named points. Only one transhipment.

TICKETS to all all above named points for sale on board steamers running on Wolf and Fox rivers, at principal stations on C. & N. W. Railway, at Green Bay, and on board the steamers. Merchants receiving freight from the East, should order their goods marked and shipped via Grand Trunk Railway, Sarnia and Green Bay line of steamers.

DOUSMAN & ELMORE, Ag'ts, Green Bay, Wis.
C. J. BRYDGES, S. T. WEBSTER,
Managing Direc'r, Montreal. West'n Gen. Agt. Chicago.

Through Tickets for sale to all points East by David Smith & Co., Bankers. (52m2)

Important to Ladies.

"GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY."

Dr. HARVEY'S CHRONO-THERMAL FEMALE PILLS which have never yet failed (when the directions have been strictly followed) in removing difficulties arising from obstructions or stoppage of nature, or in restoring the system to perfect health when suffering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus Uteri, the Whites, or other weakness of the Uterine Organs. These pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate female without causing distress: at the same time THEY ACT LIKE A CHARM, by invigorating and restoring the system to a healthy condition and by bringing on the monthly period with regularity, no matter what from what cause the obstruction may arise. They should however NOT be taken the first 3 or 4 months of pregnancy, though safe at other times, as miscarriage would be the result.

Each box contains 60 pills. Price one dollar.

Dr. Harvey's Treatise on Diseases of Females, Pregnancy' Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Reproduction, and Abuses, and emphatically the LADIES PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER, a pamphlet of 50 pages, sent free to any address, six cents required to pay the postage. The Pills and Book will be sent by mail, confidentially, when desired, securely sealed, and prepaid, on receipt of money, by J. BRYAN, M. D., *Gen. Agt.*, 76 Cedar-street, New York.

Sold by all principal druggists.
SMITH & DWYER, Wholesale Ag'ts, Chicago.

NEW MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE
PERMANENT CURE OF

Gonorrhea, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, Impotence, Seminal Weakness, Nightly Emissions, Incontinence, Genital Debility and Irritability, Gravel, Stricture, and Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, which has been used by over ONE HUNDRED PHYSICIANS, in their private practice, with entire success, superseding Cubebs, Copaiba, Capsules, or any compound hitherto known.

Bell's Specific Pills

are speedy in action, often effecting a cure in a few days, and when a cure is effected it is permanent. They are prepared from vegetable extracts that are harmless on the system, and never nauseate the stomach or impregnate the breath; and being sugar-coated, all nauseous taste is avoided. No change of diet is necessary whist using them, nor does their action interfere with business pursuits. Each box contains six dozen pills. Price One Dollar. Six boxes Five Dollars.

Sold by all the principal druggists.

In places where no Agent is advertised, they will be sent by mail, post paid, and confidentially secured from observation when desired, on receipt of money, by

J. BRYAN, M. D., 76 Cedar st., New York.
SMITH & DWYER, Wholesale Agents, Chicago.

THIRD EDITION, 50TH THOUSAND.

MANHOOD:

A TREATISE ON SEMINAL WEAKNESS. Involuntary Emissions, Mental and Physical Incapacity Loss of Power, Premature Decay, Impotence, impediments to Marriage, Nervous Debility, Self Abuse, Sexual Diseases, &c., &c. By Robt. E. Bell, M. D., Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London. 70 pages. Price 6 cents. This book should be read by every one and particularly by those arriving at Manhood. It contains important advice to all, and the means of cure to the afflicted is plainly set forth. It has

Saved Thousands from a Life of Misery.

Sent under sealed envelope, by mail, prepaid, on receipt of the money or postage stamps, by

J. BRYAN, M. D., 76 Cedar st., New York.

More Valuable than Gold!

Bryan's Life Pills.

Science has at last brought to light the true antidote of sickness, and mankind can find a refuge from sorrow, paid and disease.

By the use of BRYAN'S LIFE PILLS, those who wander in the depth of sorrow, and whose nervous temperament adds a keener anguish to every ill of life, become, as it were, blessed with a new existence. And whilst this wonderful change is effected, there is no secondary actory to leave a weakness in its train or bad effects upon the mind or body.

The nervous Hypochondriac need no longer resort to Opium, Morphine, liquors, or other stimulants to drown the cares of life. BRYAN'S LIFE PILLS are a perfect substitute; they regulate the Stomach, Liver and Biliary secretions, the derangement of which is the chief cause of Nervousness, Headache, &c., and warm the cold hearted with the fire of ardent love.

The Poet is inspired with thoughts of brilliancy. The Orator with words of fire. The Soldier with indomitable courage. The Scholar with new and brilliant ideas. The Inventor with bright conceptions of discoveries.

Bryan's Life Pills are a universal Nervine, owing no equal, overleaping the barriers of prejudice, and curing like magic, all cases of

Nervousness, Emaciation, Hysteria, Low Spirits, WANT OF ENERGY AND EPILEPSY.

They are a sovreign remedy for Headache, and, in fact, all diseases, no matter what their names, that have an origin in nervous derangement of the Stomach and Liver, and their march is onward to perfection.

They operate as a mild cathartic and are adapted for all ages and constitutions.

A few doses will light up the eye with brilliancy, impart a rich glow of beauty to the cheeks, fill the soul with ecstacy, and bring the beauties of the unknown world down to mortal vision.

Melancholy and gloomy anticipations are dispelled, and the demon of ennui is banished.

Loss of power and impotence yields before them as the dew before the rising sun.

Debilitated persons are renewed in strength and vigor, under their magic influences, and they are capable of almost inconceivable endurance.

They possess the power of producing sleep as peaceful as an infant, and of lulling pain like charms from the land of spirits.

Rheumatism Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, and Prostration is entirely cured by the use of them.

They are a rival to Quinine, as a general tonic and for the cure of Chills and Fever.

The pernicious habit of Opium eating and dram drinking is overcome by the use of them.

The dispirited become hopeful, the despairing happy. The nervous spring into elastic life.

The Author, and Speaker, each receive new ideas, and the pen of fact and fancy is gifted with a skill that entrances the world.

The Soldier forgets the weariness of his march, and is endowed with almost supernatural endurance.

The Mechanic is raised to the highest pinnacle of invention and discovery, and imbued with the spirit of unfailing energy.

Sold by all Druggists, in boxes, 25 cents each. And in large boxes, containing 5 small, $1 each.

They will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of the money, by the proprietor,

J. BRYAN, M. D. 76 Cedar st., New York.
SMITH & DWYER Wholesale Agent, Chicago.

CONSUMPTION
CAN BE CURED.

The advertiser, a Physician of thirty years experience, in the treatment of Long Diseases, Bronchitis, &c., but now retired from practice, is desirous of imparting his experience by diffusing information invaluable to suffering humanity, AND WHICH HAS CURED THOUSANDS. The same medicine will not do for all. He will send a prescription, with full directions for use, adapted to each particular case, and will surely effect a cure. Try it—it will cost you nothing—a stamp required for postage. Address,

H. LOWE, M. D., Box 5079, New York City.

To the Afflicted!

Dr. Knapp & Son,
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Formerly of New York, are treating successfully, all CHRONIC DISEASES ON A NEW SYSTEM, Which embraces the best and most approved methods in this and other countries for the cure of all Diseases. They treat successfully all diseases of the

EYE AND EAR,

With all Nervous and Neuraligic Affections, Scrofula, Cancers, Consumption, in its early Stages, Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Throat Diseases, Dyspepsia, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Asthma, Salt Rheum, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Headache, Heart Diseases, all Female diseases, Seminal Weakness, and Sexual Diseases, are special diseases treated successfully by them.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Send for a Pamphlet. All letters, inclosing stamp, addressed to Dr. H. KNAPP & SON, Racine, Wis., will be promptly answered, inclosing a pamphlet.

Dr. Knapp can be consulted as follows: MENASHA, Wis., Menasha House, Saturday, July 11th, and Saturday, Sept. 12th; APPLETON, Wis., Gilbert House, Sunday and Monday, July 12th and 13th, and Sunday and Monday, Sept. 13th and 14th. (n51)

Sloan's Commercial College.

The Collegiate course is the most extensive, complete and thorough ever introduced into any Commercial College in this country, and comprises practical instruction in Book-Keeping and accounts,

Railroading, Steamboating, Banking, Exchange, Manufacturing, Forwarding and Commission, Practical Penmanship, Commercial Law.

Daily lectures will be delivered on the Science of accounts, Commercial Law, Commercial Calculations, Political Economy, Laws of Nations, Banking Commercial Customs, Railroading, Business Correspondence.

TIME OF COMMENCING:

ANY TIME.

Diplomas under the Seal of the College are awarded to the graduates.

Circulars furnished gratuitously, on application at the College or by letter. Address,

31y T. J. SLOAN
Care of Sloan's Commercial College, Chicago, Ill.

TO DISABLED SOLDIERS!

Seamen and Marines and Widows or other heirs of those who have died or been killed in the service.

CHA'S C. TUCKER,
Attorney for Claimants, Bounty Land and Pension Ag't Washington City, D. C.

Pensions procured for soldiers, seamen, and marines of the present war, who are disabled by reason of wounds received or disease contracted while in the service, and Pensions, Bounty Money and arrears of pay obtained for widows or other heirs of those who have died or been killed while in service.

Bounty Land procured for services in any of the other wars. (27)

LADIES, those splendid Boots and Shoes for Summer wear, have arrived!
FAY & HUMPHREY.

Spermatorrhea can be Cured.—Dr. Rand's specific, cures Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Loss of Power, &c., speedily and effectually. Its effects are truly magical. A trial of the Specific will convince the most skeptical of its merits. Price $1 a box. Sent post-paid to any address, by S. C. UPHAM, 403 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. Circulars sent free.

To the Ladies of America

MORE VALUABLE THAN GOLD
MORE VALUABLE THAN GOLD!
MORE VALUABLE THAN GOLD!
MORE VALUABLE THAN GOLD!

Dr. John L. Lyon's
FRENCH PERIODICAL DROPS,
FRENCH PERIODICAL DROPS,
FRENCH PERIODICAL DROPS,
FRENCH PERIODICAL DROPS,

FOR FEMALES,
FOR FEMALES,
FOR FEMALES,
FOR FEMALES,

Suffering from Irregularity, or Obstruction of the menses, from whatever cause.

IT IS SURE TO CURE!
IT IS SURE TO CURE!
IT IS SURE TO CURE!
IT IS SURE TO CURE!

It is impossible to enjoy the bloom of health, and vivacity of spirits, unless the Menses are regular as to the time, the quantity, and quality. When they are obstructed, nature makes her efforts to obtain for it some other outlet, and unless these efforts of nature are assisted, the patient usually experiences despondency, Nervousness, and finally Consumption assumes its sway and prematurely terminates a miserable life.

IT REMOVES ALL OBSTRUCTIONS!
IT REMOVES ALL OBSTRUCTIONS!
IT REMOVES ALL OBSTRUCTIONS!

It is a Perfect Regulator!
It is a Perfect Regulator!
It is a Perfect Regulator!
It is a Perfect Regulator!

BEAR IN MIND,
BEAR IN MIND,
BEAR IN MIND,
BEAR IN MIND,

That I Guarantee
That I Guarantee
That I Guarantee
That I Guarrntee

My Drops to cure suppression of the Menses, from whatever cause, though care should be taken to ascertain if pregnancy be the cause, as these Drops would be sure to produce miscarriage; they will also certainly prevent conception, if taken two or three days before the usual period; therefore, I wish it distinctly understood, that I do not hold myself responsible when used under such circumstances.

Buy the Best!
Buy the Best!
Buy the Best!
Buy the Best!

Buy the safest!
Buy the safest!
Buy the safest!
Buy the safest!

Buy the surest!
Buy the surest!
Buy the surest!
Buy the surest!

Which is Lyon's Drops.
Which is Lyon's Drops.
Which is Lyon's Drops.
Which is Lyon's Drops.

They act like a charm,

By strengthening and invigorating, and restoring the system to a healthy condition. It moderates all excess, and removes all obstructions and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

They are peculiarly adapted, as they bring on the usual period with such perfect regularity.

Sure to do Good!
Sure to do Good!
Sure to do Good!
Sure to do Good!

Cannot do Harm!
Cannot do Harm!
Cannot do Harm!
Cannot do Harm!

I could furnish any quantity of testimonials of its efficacy from my own patients, but the practice of parading bought and fictitious ones before the public is so prevalent I do not deem it advisable. My object is to place my medicine before the public, not to make money, but to do good. It is proverbially true of the American Ladies that not ten perfectly healthy ones can be found in any one vicinity.

Be Wise in Time!
Be Wise in Time!
Be Wise in Time!
Be Wise in Time!
Be Wise in Time!
Be Wise in Time!

Let not disease destroy your constitution. Try a bottle of my Periodical Drops, and you will be satisfied that I am no impostor. Tell your afflicted friend what restored the bloom of health to your cheeks, and thereby confer a favor more valuable than gold. For painful or scanty Menstruation it is just the thing. I have now in my mind an instance of a lady who had been suffering from painful menstruation two or three years, confining her to her room each time; she had applied to several eminent physicians, without relief, when one bottle of my Drops entirely cured her.

ONE BOTTLE CURES!
One Bottle Cures!
One Bottle Cures!
One Bottle Cures!

In almost every case.

Do not be imposed upon!
Do not be imposed upon!
Do not be imposed upon!
Do not be imposed upon!

But cut this out and send it to your Druggist, and if he has not got it, make him buy it for you; or, it may be obtained of the General Agents for the U. S.,

C. G. CLARK & CO., Wholesale Druggists,
New Haven, Conn.

For sale by all respectable druggists. Price, $1 per bottle. Prepared by Jno. L. Lyon, M. D.

Wholesale dealers and the trade supplied at the Proprietor's prices, by LORD & SMITH,
Wholesale Druggists, 23 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

Howard Association, Philadelphia.—*For the relief of the sick and distressed afflicted with Virulent and Chronic diseases, and specially diseases of the Sexual organs.*

Medical advice given gratis by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable reports on SPERMATORRHEA or SEMINAL WEAKNESS, and other diseases of the Sexual organs, and on the new remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth st., Philadelphia, Pa. 17

The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid.

Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, premature decay, &c; supplying at the same time the means of self cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid envelope, single copies may be had of the author, Nathaniel Mayfair, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

Zeeland Mills,

Little Chute,

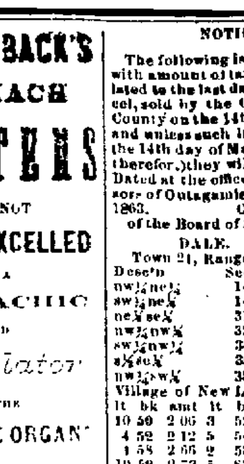
Outagamie County, Wisconsin.

J. & A. VERSTEGEN,
PROPRIETORS.

Farmers will find it to their advantage to bring their grists to our new mill. We will warrant satisfaction to all who deal with us.

The Highest Market Price in Cash, *paid for* Wheat.

Study your own interests and give us your custom.
Little Chute, May 9th, 1863. 47v10tf



DR. ROBACK'S
STOMACH
BITTERS
ARE NOT
TO BE EXCELLED
AS A
STOMACHIC
AND
Regulator
OF THE
DIGESTIVE ORGAN'

These Bitters

are not offered to the public as a medicine which will cure all the "ills which flesh is heir to," but as a remedial agent—a great Regulator of the system.

In the Bilious districts of the West and South there has, for a long time, been much needed an article of Stomach Bitters, which, if taken in proper quantities, and at the proper time, are a sure preventive of

Bilious Fever,
Fever and Ague,
Liver Complaint,
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Jaundice,
Kidney Complaints,

and all diseases of a similar nature.

These Bitters

are composed of rare and powerful roots and herbs, which make them

Highly Tonic.

Dr Roback's
Stomach Bitters
are the poor man's Friend.

Dr. Roback's
Stomach Bitters
save the poor man many Doctor's Bills.

Dr. Roback's
Stomach Bitters
are the rich man's Solace and Comfort.

Dr. Roback's
Stomach Bitters
invigorate the weak and debilitated.

Dr. Roback's
Stomach Bitters
drive away melancholy and make Life enjoyable.

Dr. Roback's
Stomach Bitters
are the Soldier's Friend, by preventing Diarrhea, Dysentery, Rheumatism, etc.

These Bitters are put up in quart bottles, of which the above is a fac-simile, label finely engraved, and protected with a safe-guard from counterfeiters. Price $1 per bottle, or six for $5.

C. W. Roback, Proprietor, No. 6 East Fourth St., Cincinnati, to whom all orders should be addressed.

FOR SALE BY

ALLEN & JACKSON, and C. G. ADKINS, Appleton
D. E. WOODWARD, Hortonville,
JOHN HUNT, Kaukauna
CHAS. R. WOODWARD, Stephensville,
and by merchants and druggists generally throughout the Union, and in the larger cities and towns in the Canadas.
Apr28,'62

The Early Physical Degeneracy of
American People.

Just Published by Dr. A. Stone, Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute.

A Treatise on the causes of early physical decline of American people; the cause of nervous debility, consumption and Marasmus.

This work is one of high moral tone, written in chaste yet thrilling language, and appeals directly to the moral consciousness of all parents and guardians especially, detailing scientific and reliable aids and treatment for cure. It will be sent by mail on the receipt of two (2) cent stamps.

Parents and Guardians! fail not to send and obtain this book. Young Men! fail not to send and get this book. Ladies! You too should at once secure a copy of this book.

A Word of Solemn Conscientious Advice to those who will reflect.

A class of maladies prevail to a fearful extent in the community, dooming at least 100,000 youth of both sexes annually, to an early grave. Those diseases are very imperfectly understood. Their external manifestation, or symptoms are nervous debility, relaxation and exhaustion; marasmus or wasting and consumption of the tissues of the whole body; shortness of breathing or hurried breathing on ascending a hill or flight of stairs; great palpitation of the heart; asthma, bronchitis and sore throat; great palpitation of the heart; asthma, bronchitis and sore throat; shaking of the hands and limbs; aversion to society and to business or study; dimness of eye sight, loss of memory, dizziness of the head, neuralgia, pain in various parts of the body: lumbago, dyspepsia or indigestion, &c.

Now in ninety nine cases out of every one hundred, all the above named disorders, and a host of others not named, as consumption of the lungs and that most insidious and wily form of consumption of the spinal nerves, known as Tabes Dorsales, and tabes mesenterica, have their seat and origin in diseases of the pelvis viscera.

Dr. Andrew Stone, Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institution, is now engaged in treating this class of modern maladies with the most astonishing success. The facilities of cure are sure that patients can be cured at home, in any part of the country, from accurate descriptions of their case, by letter; and have the medicines sent by Mail or express. Printed interrogatories will be forwarded on application.

Consumption, catarrh and diseases of the throat cured as well at the home of the patients as at the Institution, by sending the cold medicated Inhaling Balsamic Vapors, with inhaler and ample directions for their use, and direct correspondence.

Patients applying for interrogatives or advice, must enclose return stamps, to meet attention.

The attending physician will be found at the Institution for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., each day. Sunday in the forenoon. Address

DR. ANDREW STONE,
Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute, and Physician for Diseases of the Heart, Throat and Lungs, 96 Fifth Street, Troy, N. Y. 10-44y

Wedding Cards, gotten up to suit at lowest rates and handsome style, at the CRESCENT OFFICE.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS

The following is a list of all unredeemed lands, with amount of taxes, charges and interest, calculated to the last day of redemption, due on each parcel, sold by the County Treasurer of Outagamie County on the 14th May, 1861, for the taxes of 1860, and unless such lands are redeemed on or before the 14th day of May, 1864, (which is the day limited therefor,) they will be conveyed to the purchaser. Dated at the office of the Clerk of Board of Supervisors of Outagamie, Wisconsin, this 1st day of July, 1863. CHARLES GRUNERT, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, Outagamie Co., Wis.

DALE.
Town 21, Range 15
Desc'n Sec Am't
nw¼ne¼ 14 5 45
sw¼ne¼ 14 5 45
ne¼se¼ 31 7 36
nw¼nw¼ 32 5 44
sw¼nw¼ 34 10 03
s½se¼ 35 12 63
nw¼sw¼ 35 11 76

Village of New London.
lt bk amt lt bk amt
10 59 2 06 3 52 2 12
4 52 2 12 5 54 2 29
1 58 2 56 2 58 2 53
10 59 2 73 5 63 2 56
w½ 60 2 66
1 65 3 05 73 2 23
116 4 43 5 66 157 89
north 2 acres 117 3 68

Bosworths Addition to New London.
lt bk amt lt bk amt
6 4 1 78 7 4 1 76
8 4 1 76

Village of Hortonville.
5 2 2 54 3 8 6 56
6 3 2 54 3 33 7 71
3 34 9 24

HORTONIA.
Town 21, Range 18.
Desc'n Sec Am't
s34a ne¼se¼ 9 10 62
ne¼ 3 34 48

Town 22, Range 15.
ne¼nw¼ 18 35 56
se¼nw¼ 18 35 56
n½nw¼ nw¼ less e 5 acres 19 8 80
e20a w72a nw¼ 32 5 25
w52½a nw¼ 32 11 30
w½sw¼ 33 15 70
se¼ne¼ 34 10 3?
lt betw mill race and creek 35 2 05
s½sw¼ 35 22 89

LIBERTY.
Town 22, Range 15.
w½ne¼ 1 17 74
s½nw¼ 2 23 15
se¼ne¼ 5 4 97
sw¼ne¼ 5 4 97
se¼nw¼ 6 4 50
lt no 3 7 5 23
lt no 4 7 4 88
se¼nw¼ 9 8 52
sw¼sw¼ 9 8 52
se¼sw¼ 11 8 52
sw¼sw¼ 11 8 52
sw¼nw¼ 13 5 52
se¼ne¼ 14 5 52
ne¼ne¼ 15 8 52
nw¼ne¼ 15 8 52
sw¼nw¼ 17 8 52
lt no 1 17 5 43

Town 23, Range 15.
se¼sw¼ 13 6 00
sw¼se¼ 13 6 00
se¼se¼ 13 6 00

MAPLE CREEK.
Town 23, Range 15.
se¼se¼ 9 8 96
nw¼nw¼ 15 10 62
sw¼nw¼ 15 10 62
sw¼sw¼ 15 10 62
und½ w fr½sw¼ 18 6 48
und ½ne¼sw¼ 18 4 77
und ½se¼sw¼ 18 4 77

Town 24, Range 15.
se¼ne¼ 3 16 44
nw¼ne¼ 3 12 32
ne¼ne¼ 4 11 70
nw¼nw¼ 8 8 96
ne¼nw¼ 8 8 96
nw¼nw¼ 8 8 96
sw¼se¼ 8 8 96
ne¼ne¼ 17 8 96
ne¼ne¼ 20 8 96
se¼ne¼ 20 8 96
n½se¼ 20 8 96
se¼sw¼ 20 8 96
sw¼nw¼ 21 8 96
sw¼sw¼ 24 8 96
ne¼ne¼ 25 8 96
nw¼ne¼ 25 8 96
sw¼ne¼ 25 8 96
nw¼nw¼ 28 8 96
ne¼ne¼ 29 8 96
nw¼ne¼ 29 8 96
se¼ne¼ 31 7 37
w½ne¼ 31 7 37
sw¼nw¼ 32 8 96
nw¼sw¼ 32 15 84

GREENVILLE.
Town 21, Range 16.
ne¼sw¼ 1 5 39
nw¼sw¼ 1 5 39
se¼sw¼ 1 5 40
sw¼sw¼ 1 5 40
e½sw¼ 9 12 37
e½se¼ 16 5 09
e½sw¼nw¼ 24 6 93
se¼ 34 18 42

ELLINGTON.
Town 22, Range 16.
e fr½ne¼ 2 5 43
ne¼sw¼ 3 7 47
nw¼sw¼ 3 7 47
s7.10a nw¼ne¼ 5 2 57
s½ne¼ 5 12 00
lt 3 otherwise sw¼sw¼ 5 3 26
w½se¼ 7 8 82
s½sw¼ 9 13 04
sw¼nw¼ 17 3 76
e½fr½nw¼ 18 4 46
und½ lt 2 19 4 47
[illegible] 19 4 87
se¼ne¼ 22 3 40
ne¼nw¼ 24 7 79
nw¼nw¼ 24 7 79
se¼nw¼ 24 7 79
sw¼nw¼ 24 7 79
ne¼sw¼ 24 7 79
nw¼sw¼ 24 7 79
se¼se¼ 24 7 79
sw¼se¼ 24 7 79
sw¼nw¼ 32 5 46
ne¼ne¼ 36 8 83
se¼ne¼ 36 8 83
sw¼ne¼ 36 8 83

Village of Stephensville.
lt no 1 bk 5 1 77

BOVINA.
Town 23, Range 16.
Desc'n Sec Am't
sw¼ne¼ 3 5 37
n fr½nw¼ 3 7 70
se¼nw¼ 3 5 37
sw¼nw¼ 3 5 37
nw¼se¼ 3 5 37
nw¼sw¼ 3 4 12
sw¼nw¼ 4 4 74
se¼se¼ 4 4 13
se¼sw¼ 7 8 78
lt 6 8 6 96
se¼nw¼ 8 9 96
ne¼sw¼ 8 10 58
se¼sw¼ 8 10 58
sw¼sw¼ 8 10 58
se¼sw¼ 9 6 44
se¼ne¼ 17 9 45
nw¼sw¼ 18 9 11
und½se¼nw¼ 18 3 30
sw¼sw¼ 18 8 76
nw¼ne¼ 19 8 54
ne¼nw¼ 19 8 59
se¼nw¼ 19 7 85
w fr½nw¼ 19 7 64
w½sw¼se¼ 19 4 06
nw¼ne¼ 20 10 58
sw¼sw¼ 20 8 55
se¼se¼ 25 7 61
ne¼nw¼ 26 8 12
nw¼nw¼ 26 8 69
ne¼sw¼ 26 7 91
lt 10 29 8 55
se¼nw¼ 33 8 00

Town 24, Range 16.
nw fr½ne¼ 1 7 85
ne fr½nw¼ 1 9 81
nw fr½nw¼ 1 7 85
sw¼ne¼ 1 10 34
nw¼se¼ 1 10 34
sw¼se¼ 1 4 80
ne¼sw¼ 1 9 28
nw¼sw¼ 2 4 77
sw¼sw¼ 2 7 01
sw¼ne¼ 3 5 89
ne¼nw¼ 3 7 01
se¼nw¼ 3 7 01
ne¼se¼ 3 7 01
se¼sw¼ 3 7 01
lt 8 sw¼se¼ 5 4 62
lt 15 se¼sw¼ 5 4 62
lt 1 6 5 95
" 2 6 5 98
" 4 6 5 01
" 9 6 4 62
lt 11 6 4 62
lt 12 6 4 62
" 13 6 4 62
" 18 6 4 62
" 19 6 4 62
" 20 6 4 62
ne¼ne¼ 7 5 44
nw¼ne¼ 7 5 44
se¼ne¼ 7 5 44
sw¼ne¼ 7 5 44
lt 1 7 4 62
lt 6 7 4 62
nw¼se¼ 7 5 44
sw¼se¼ 7 6 21
ne¼ne¼ 8 7 05
nw¼ne¼ 8 6 94
se¼ne¼ 8 6 94
ne¼sw¼ 8 5 44
nw¼sw¼ 8 5 44
ne¼ne¼ 9 8 43
se¼ne¼ 9 8 43
lt 1 9 13 00
" 2 9 13 00
ne¼ne¼ 10 3 96
se¼ne¼ 10 4 64
sw¼ne¼ 10 6 23
ne¼se¼ 10 6 23
nw¼se¼ 10 6 23
se¼se¼ 10 6 23
sw¼se¼ 10 6 23
ne¼sw¼ 10 6 23
se¼sw¼ 10 6 23
nw¼ne¼ 11 5 33

Desc'n Sec Am't
se¼ne¼ 11 5 33
ne¼nw¼ 11 5 33
sw¼nw¼ 11 5 33
nw¼sw¼ 11 5 33
sw¼sw¼ 11 5 33
ne¼ne¼ 12 9 08
nw¼sw¼ 13 6 30
se¼sw¼ 13 6 30
sw¼sw¼ 13 6 30
nw¼nw¼ 17 14 29
ne¼ne¼ 18 10 61
se¼se¼ 18 6 98
sw¼se¼ 18 6 98
ne¼se¼ 19 8 54
ne¼ne¼ 19 6 98
se¼ne¼ 19 6 98
nw¼se¼ 19 6 98
se¼se¼ 19 8 54
ne¼nw¼ 20 9 01
nw¼nw¼ 20 9 01
sw¼nw¼ 20 9 01
nw¼sw¼ 20 8 54
sw¼sw¼ 20 8 54
nw¼ne¼ 20 8 51
nw¼ne¼ 22 5 32
sw¼se¼ 22 5 32
se¼se¼ 22 5 32
ne¼sw¼ 22 5 32
se¼sw¼ 22 5 32
se¼sw¼ 23 5 08
sw¼sw¼ 23 4 81
se¼se¼ 24 5 32
sw¼se¼ 24 5 32
ne¼se¼ 25 5 32
lt 4 less s 40 ac 28 2 78
lt 5 28 5 08
sw¼nw¼ 29 6 38
nw¼sw¼ 29 5 09
nw¼ne¼ 30 9 03
sw¼ne¼ 30 9 03
ne¼ne¼ 30 9 03
ne¼nw¼ 30 6 08
sw¼ne¼ 34 7 14
sw¼ne¼ 34 7 14
ne¼nw¼ 34 7 14
ne¼sw¼ 34 11 56
nw¼se¼ 34 8 24
e½se¼ 34 9 01
sw¼se¼ 34 7 35
ne¼sw¼ 34 9 01
nw¼sw¼ 31 9 01
se¼sw¼ 34 9 01
sw¼sw¼ 34 6 30

GRAND CHUTE.
Town 21, Range 17.
w½e½ne¼ 2 5 54
e fr½ne¼ 4 19 46
w fr½ne¼ 4 19 78
sw¼ 9 74 59
s½nw¼ 11 24 23
n20a n½sw¼ 11 6 59
n½ne¼ 12 23 22
s½nw¼ 14 30 63
ne¼nw¼ 15 22 09
nw¼se¼ 19 11 67
e13.50a ne¼ 21 8 62
se¼se¼sw¼ 21 3 61
n54.37a s106.37a sw¼ 31 12 50
ne¼nw¼ 33 15 21
w50a n½ne¼ 22 21 25
n60a s½ne¼ 22 19 01

Town 21, Range 18.
ne¼nw¼ 7 8 23

Howe's Subdivisions
lt 4 19 10 01
" 6 19 10 01
" 8 19 6 16
" 9 19 6 16
" 10 19 6 16
" 11 19 6 16

CENTER.
Town 22, Range 17
se¼nw¼ 10 9 25
sw¼nw¼ 10 9 25
nw¼se¼ 14 8 61
sw¼se¼ 14 8 61
ne¼ne¼ 17 10 60
se¼ne¼ 17 10 69
ne¼se¼ 19 10 85
nw¼ne¼ 19 10 85
se¼se¼ 19 10 85
sw¼se¼ 19 10 85
nw¼sw¼ 20 10 85
sw¼sw¼ 20 10 85
ne¼nw¼ 22 9 26
nw¼nw¼ 22 9 26
se¼nw¼ 22 9 26
sw¼nw¼ 22 9 26
e½ne¼ 29 10 69
w½nw¼ 29 20 35
ne¼ne¼ 31 10 86
nw¼ne¼ 31 10 86
se¼ne¼ 31 10 86
sw¼ne¼ 31 10 86
ne¼ne¼ 26 3 45

BLACK CREEK.
Town 23, Range 17.
ne¼ne¼ 11 6 70
nw¼ne¼ 11 6 70
sw¼ne¼ 11 6 70
ne¼nw¼ 11 6 70
nw¼nw¼ 11 6 70
se¼nw¼ 11 6 70
ne¼sw¼ 11 6 70
und½ne¼se¼ 22 3 83
und½nw¼se¼ 22 3 83
se¼se¼ 22 6 70
und½sw¼sw¼ 22 4 11
und½se¼sw¼ 22 4 11
se¼ne¼ 24 6 70
se¼ne¼ 24 6 70
nw¼ne¼ 27 6 70
sw¼ne¼ 27 6 70
se¼ne¼ 27 6 70
sw¼nw¼ 30 6 70
sw¼nw¼ 30 8 02
ne¼ne¼ 34 8 02
nw¼ne¼ 34 8 02
ne¼ne¼ 34 8 02
se¼nw¼ 35 8 02
ne¼sw¼ 35 6 70

Town 24, Range 17.
ne¼ne¼ 4 6 70
nw¼sw¼ 4 6 70
ne¼se¼ 4 6 70
sw¼se¼ 4 6 70
lt 2 6 11 00
" 4 6 10 03
" 5 6 11 24
" 6 6 11 24
" 7 6 7 02
" 8 6 8 43
nw¼nw¼ 7 8 03
sw¼se¼ 7 6 70
ne¼se¼ 7 6 70
se¼se¼ 7 6 70
lt 9 7 6 27
sw¼ne¼ 17 6 70
ne¼nw¼ 17 6 70
nw¼nw¼ 17 6 70
se¼nw¼ 17 4 41
sw¼sw¼ 17 6 70
ne¼sw¼ 17 6 70
sw¼se¼ 17 6 70
sw¼se¼ 17 6 70
sw¼sw¼ 18 8 12
lt 5 19 7 71
ne¼nw¼ 21 6 70
sw¼se¼ 20 6 70
se¼se¼ 22 6 70
ne¼ne¼ 23 6 70
se¼ne¼ 23 6 70
nw¼nw¼ 24 6 70
sw¼nw¼ 24 6 70
ne¼ne¼ 27 6 70
se¼ne¼ 27 6 70
sw¼nw¼ 27 6 70
ne¼nw¼ 27 6 70
se¼nw¼ 27 6 70
lt 7 30 5 58
nw¼nw¼ 30 9 32
nw¼ne¼ 31 6 70
ne¼ne¼ 34 6 70
nw¼ne¼ 34 6 70
ne¼nw¼ 34 6 70
nw¼nw¼ 34 6 70
se¼nw¼ 34 6 70
ne¼sw¼ 30 6 70

BUCHANAN.
Town 21, Range 18.
und½ lt 1 21 13 32
lt 2 21 26 30
" 3 21 25 02
n side lt 5 & 6 & w 18.70a n side l 4 24 10 29
s½ lt 8 24 13 27
lt 5 25 26 18
und½ lt 5 29 21 42
" " 6 29 20 87
" ½ lt 1 30 18 00
" " 2 30 18 07
lt 2 34 18 52
" 1 35 7 19
10a s½ lt 3 35 4 80

Town 21, Range 19.
und½ lt 1 4 5 57
lt 1 8 19 37
" 2 8 12 39
" 3 8 15 00
" 4 8 20 34
und½ lt 1 18 3 16
" ½ " 1 19 13 55
" " 2 19 13 97
nw¼nw¼ 28 7 57
sw¼nw¼ 28 7 57
nw¼sw¼ 28 7 57
ne¼ne¼ 29 7 57
ne¼se¼ 29 7 57
und½ne¼nw¼ 30 5 37
" nw¼nw¼ 30 5 37
" se¼nw¼ 30 5 15
" sw¼nw¼ 30 5 09
se¼ne¼ 32 4 04
se¼ne¼ 33 7 57
ne¼se¼ 33 4 54
se¼se¼ 33 7 57
sw¼se¼ 33 7 57
sw¼sw¼ 33 4 54
und½nw¼nw¼ 20 3 62
" nw¼nw¼ 20 3 52
" ½ lt 2 20 5 22
" " 4 19 4 41
e½se¼ 8 23 94

KAUKAUNA.
Town 21, Range 18.
ne¼se¼ 1 12 78
nw¼se¼ 1 12 78
se¼se¼ 1 12 78
sw¼se¼ 1 12 78
s½sw¼ 1 24 00

Des'n Sec Am't
und½nw¼ 2 10 04
lt 2 2 10 65
ne¼se¼ 2 19 60
ne fr½ 13 6 04
lt 1 20 21 81
s pt lt 4 s canal 21 3 22
w34.29a nw¼ne¼ 21 14 40
3a s p r sw¼nw¼ ly'g bet vac bks 24, 25, 26 & 27 Lit Chute plat 22 3 28
Lt 4 s canal 22 7 52
L Chute l'd 22 6 55
Lt 4 23 12 19
pt Lt 5 s can 23 15 02
n l p e no 3 otherwise no 33 23 63 60
Kauk's l no 1 23 4 25
" " 2 23 2 54
" " 3 6 62
" " 4 16 36

Town 21, Range 19.
fr nw¼sw¼ for l 60 4 15 14
fr sw¼ne¼ 4 15 72
fr se¼ne¼ 4 15 69
Lt 2 4 6 41
" 3 4 16 01
" 4 4 15 79
" 5 4 17 72
" 1 5 11 48
n44.52a ne¼ 6 11 93
nw¼sw¼ for 1859 4 12 46
70a n s pr d rec v 10 p 464 6 15 52
fr nw¼ less n 40 & s 30a e 94 bks 6 16 60
Lt 7 exct s½a 8 9 42
Lt 9 8 13 98
nw¼ne¼ 8 14 70

Town 22, Range 19.
ne¼ne¼ 17 11 10
nw¼ne¼ 17 11 10
se¼ne¼ 17 11 10
sw¼ne¼ 17 11 10
ne¼nw¼ 17 11 10
se¼nw¼ 17 11 10
ne¼sw¼ 17 11 10
nw¼sw¼ 17 11 10
se¼sw¼ 17 11 10
sw¼sw¼ 17 11 10
ne¼ne¼ 18 12 10
nw¼ne¼ 18 11 10
se¼ne¼ 18 11 10
sw¼ne¼ 18 11 10
ne¼nw¼ 18 11 10
se¼nw¼ 18 11 10
nw¼se¼ 18 11 10
se¼se¼ 18 11 10
sw¼se¼ 18 11 10
ne¼sw¼ 18 11 10
se¼sw¼ 18 11 10
ne¼nw¼ 18 11 10
ne¼ne¼ 19 11 10
nw¼ne¼ 19 11 10
se¼ne¼ 19 11 10
sw¼ne¼ 19 11 10
ne¼se¼ 19 11 10
nw¼se¼ 19 11 10
se¼se¼ 19 11 10
sw¼se¼ 19 11 10
ne¼nw¼ 19 11 10
sw¼nw¼ 20 11 10
nw¼nw¼ 20 11 10
ne¼sw¼ 20 11 10
nw¼se¼ 20 11 10
se¼se¼ 20 11 10
sw¼se¼ 20 11 10
ne¼sw¼ 20 11 10
nw¼sw¼ 20 11 10
sw¼sw¼ 20 11 10
se¼sw¼ 20 11 10
ne¼nw¼ 29 11 10
nw¼nw¼ 29 11 10
se¼nw¼ 29 11 10
sw¼nw¼ 29 11 10
ne¼ne¼ 29 11 10
nw¼ne¼ 29 11 10
se¼ne¼ 29 11 10
sw¼ne¼ 29 11 10
se¼sw¼ 29 11 10
sw¼sw¼ 29 11 10
nw¼se¼ 29 11 10
se¼se¼ 29 11 10
sw¼se¼ 29 11 10
ne¼ne¼ 30 11 10
ne¼nw¼ 30 11 10
nw¼nw¼ 30 11 10
se¼nw¼ 30 11 10
sw¼ne¼ 30 11 10
nw fr½sw¼ 30 10 29
sw fr½sw¼ 30 9 36
ne¼se¼ 30 11 10
se¼se¼ 30 11 10
nw¼se¼ 31 12 78
ne¼se¼ 31 12 78
sw¼se¼ 31 12 78
nw¼ 33 31 02
ne¼se¼ 32 12 72
sw¼se¼ 33 12 72

Village Springville.
lt bk amt lt bk amt
3 1 1 61 6 1 1 61
13 3 2 26 12 3 4 97

Village of Kaukauna.
1 5 2 03 2 5 2 03
4 5 2 03 5 5 2 03
7 5 2 01 8 5 2 03
9 5 2 03 10 5 15 17
12 5 2 03 14 5 2 03
15 5 2 03 17 5 2 03
18 5 2 03 1 12 2 03
3 12 2 03 4 12 2 03
5 12 2 03 6 12 2 03
7 12 2 03 9 12 2 03
10 12 2 03 11 12 2 03
12 12 2 03 15 12 2 03
13 12 1 80

FREEDOM.
Town 22, Range 18
Desc'n Sec Am't
e½ne¼ 2 5 30
sw¼nw¼ 3 3 06
n fr½nw¼ 4 1 11
ne¼ne¼ 6 5 60
nw fr½sw¼ 6 5 96
sw fr½sw¼ 6 6 02
sw¼nw¼ 8 6 30
se¼nw¼ 8 5 47
e½ne¼ 9 11 17
se¼nw¼ 15 5 47
sw¼se¼ 19 6 23
ne¼nw¼ 20 8 09
se¼nw¼ 20 8 05
nw¼sw¼ 20 8 09
n½ne¼ 21 6 81
ne¼nw¼ 22 5 08
se¼nw¼ 22 5 08
se¼sw¼ 22 5 29
se¼se¼ 24 4 29
sw¼ne¼ 24 4 29
ne¼ne¼ 25 5 06
nw¼ne¼ 25 5 06
ne¼nw¼ 26 4 55
sw¼nw¼ 26 4 55
se¼ne¼ 27 4 29
se¼ 27 8 36
se¼nw¼ 28 5 93
sw¼nw¼ 28 5 93
s½se¼ 30 10 34
ne¼nw¼ 36 5 29
nw¼nw¼ 36 4 45
se¼nw¼ 36 5 29

OSBORN.
Town 23, Range 18.
se¼nw¼ 4 7 75
sw¼nw¼ 4 7 75
ne¼sw¼ 4 7 75
nw¼sw¼ 4 7 75
se¼nw¼ 5 7 75
sw¼nw¼ 5 7 75
nw¼se¼ 5 7 75
sw¼se¼ 5 7 75
w½ne¼ 6 9 00
nw¼se¼ 8 5 92
se¼sw¼ 18 5 02
sw¼sw¼ 28 5 07
Lt 1 28 6 98
e½nw¼ 31 10 72
nw¼nw¼ 32 4 97
nw¼se¼ 32 4 55
sw¼se¼ 32 4 34
se¼nw¼ 32 4 53
n½ne¼ 32 6 65
ne¼sw¼ 32 4 97
nw¼ne¼ 33 9 14
se¼ne¼ 33 6 14
ne¼nw¼ 33 4 31
nw¼nw¼ 33 4 31

Town 24, Range 18.
se¼ne¼ 19 4 77
ne¼sw¼ 19 4 77
ne¼nw¼ 27 5 60
nw¼nw¼ 27 5 50
se¼nw¼ 27 5 50
sw¼nw¼ 27 5 50
sw¼se¼ 28 5 65
se¼sw¼ 28 5 65
s½nw¼ 30 9 78
ne¼sw¼ 30 4 41
se¼nw¼ 33 5 65

CITY OF APPLETON.
First Ward.
Lt bk amt Lt bk amt
8 1 13 72 9 1 4 98
5 2 4 08 16 2 4 97
17 2 9 32 17 3 6 76
18 3 6 70 20 3 17 20
11 4 7 08 2 5 20 81
3 5 8 48 4 5 19 06
5 5 24 94 1 10 8 50
16 10 7 60 6 13 8 50
7 13 10 33 8 13 8 50
9 13 8 50 10 13 10 33
11 13 8 50 15 13 8 50
7 14 6 00 9 14 29 65
all n ravine in 3 15 5 04
" " 4 15 10 97
15 18 5 68 3 27 2 35
4 30 3 19 1 34 2 45
2 34 2 46 4 35 2 87
7 B 19 06 23 B 3 90
24 B 3 90 7 C 5 01
8 C 5 01 9 C 3 90
strip l'd in sec's 26, 21 & 7 bet bk K & S m & fox riv ½ a more or less 2 03

Second Ward.
5 2 17 60 11 3 7 68
17 3 10 52 18 3 17 47
19 3 17 47 4 9 2 09
5 9 10 87 6 4 77

e60 2 6 4
e60 s25ft 3 5 77
s15ft 3 10 2
und½ s120ft 4 10 5 34
L92 l 95 Less s120 12 25 7 60
" 1 27 " s67 3 10
w4.44ft L9 n alley Less w 6 86
15 23ft s67ft 27 1 27
e50ft L9 n alley Less w 67 ft 27 4 69
w30ft L3 n alley 27 8 23
s140ft e4.77ft w34.77ft Lot 6
e5.50ft 27 3 31
w29½ft 1 29 2 10
w45ft Less 22ft 6 29 6 86
e22ft w67ft 6 29 22 67
e5½ft 6 29 12 27
w17½ft 6 29 3 41
e37½ft 7 29 10 02
w126 100 8 29 16 29
Lt 3 9 29 7 49
Lt 10 bk 37 less s33ft 37 17 32
s86ft lt 4 3 45
39 4 17
w60ft 2 A 3 19
e35ft 26 A 5 27
lt 6 less e 10 ft 5 B 3 45
4 83

Third Ward.
Lt bk amt Lt bk amt
5 3 6 64 6 3 7 09
9 3 5 64 3 5 5 64
8 5 12 69 5 6 46 83
w½ 2 6 24 13
e½ 2 0 15 73
6 6 29 97 6 7 2 85
7 7 2 65 8 7 4 31
9 7 14 47 10 7 1 57
11 7 1 75 12 7 1 75
13 7 1 75 14 7 1 67
15 7 1 87 12 8 9 60
w½ 1 8 5 04
n½ w½ 2 8 2 09
13 8 2 50 14 8 2 85
7 9 19 43 8 9 4 38
9 9 5 05 10 9 6 44
n½ 11 9 6 44
n½ 12 9 7 08
2 10 4 50 3 10 9 77
4 10 13 01 6 11 7 75
1 12 6 76 2 12 5 25
3 12 2 84 4 12 2 35
10 12 2 34 11 12 5 00
12 12 5 64 1 13 6 34
2 13 5 08 3 13 5 64
1 14 2 57 2 14 2 57
3 14 2 57 4 14 2 84
5 14 2 57 6 14 3 02
7 14 13 44 12 14 2 20
12 14 2 28 13 14 2 20
14 14 2 28 15 14 2 57
16 14 2 84 1 27 3 15
2 27 2 84 3 27 2 84
4 27 2 64 5 27 2 84
6 27 2 84 11 27 2 84
12 27 2 84 13 27 2 84
14 27 2 84 15 27 2 64
16 27 2 84 1 28 8 80
2 28 5 08 3 28 5 05
9 28 5 65 10 28 4 99
10 30 7 07 1 31 7 07
2 31 5 65 11 31 5 65
12 31 7 07 9 32 4 29
9 33 2 28 10 33 2 94
1 34 3 14 2 34 3 05
3 34 3 05 4 34 4 05
5 34 8 05 6 34 3 05

Ryan & Co's Addition.
2 3 61

P. H. Smith's Addition.
16 4 87 21 10 96
22 10 96 2 lts as pr D rec v 7 p 147 5 64
T Conkey's saw mill 6 87

Pierce's Addition.
1 less Col Av 6 57
2 " " 5 64
J Hanchett s mill lt 2 23
Wood & Andrews lt in Fox riv s Hanchett's 2 23
C P Richm'ds lt rec v 3 p 240 2 59
E S Turner water lt 40 ft by 200 ft per deed rec v 7 p 602 17 83

1st Ward Lands.
Town 21, Range 17.
descrip'n. Sec Amt
lt 2 s river 25 68 58
strip land in sec 25 betw'n Lawesh'g p't & riv reserved for hyd'c pur's less 1-8 p'd by Sampson 25 18 77
lt 3 s riv less Newberry's 16.10a 25 225 51
a mill & land on which it stands, l 3 l r 36 62 25
e10a w½ne¼ 26 37 99
[illegible]

2d Ward Land.

3d Ward Lands

SUBSCRIBE

FOR

THE

Crescent.

TERMS:

$2 A YEAR IN ADVANCE!

CLUBS

OF

TEN COPIES

Only $15!

NewspaperARCHIVE.com